

City of Cockburn Audit & Strategic Finance Committee Addendum Agenda

For Thursday, 25 November 2021

Document Set ID: 10883977 Version: 1, Version Date: 19/11/2021

CITY OF COCKBURN

Summary Of Addendum Agenda AUDIT & STRATEGIC FINANCE COMMITTEE MEETING THURSDAY, 25 NOVEMBER 2021 at 6PM

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20.	New Business of an Urgent Nature Introduced by Members or	
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CITY OF COCKBURN

Addendum Agenda AUDIT & STRATEGIC FINANCE COMMITTEE MEETING THURSDAY, 25 NOVEMBER 2021 at 6PM

20. New Business of an Urgent Nature Introduced by Members or Officers

20.1 Annual Financial Report and Audit Results for City of Cockburn Year Ending 30 June 2021

- 1. Auditor's Report for year ended 30 June 2021 (KPMG) &
- 2. Audit Plan for year ended 30 June 2021 J
- 3. Annual Financial Report for year ended 30 June 2021 J
- 4. Interim/Final Management Letter (OAG) (Confidential)
- 5. Draft Audit Opinion (OAG) (Confidential)

RECOMMENDATION

That Council:

Attachments

- (1) RECEIVES the Interim/Final Management Letter for the year ended 30 June 2021;
- (2) RECEIVES the Auditor's Report for the year ended 30 June 2021;
- (3) RECEIVES the draft Audit Opinion for the year ended 30 June 2021, as issued by the Office of the Auditor General; and
- (4) ADOPTS the Annual Financial Report for the year ended 30 June 2021;

as attached to the Agenda.

Background

Section 5.54 of the *Local Government Act 1995* requires Council to accept the Annual Report for a financial year no later than 31 December after that financial year. Section 5.53 requires that the Annual Report contains the Financial Report (prepared under Section 6.4) and the Auditor's Report (prepared under Section 7.9) for that financial year.

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Regulation 9 (2) of the *Local Government (Audit) Regulations 1996* states that the principal objective of the external audit is for the auditor to carry out such work as is necessary to form an opinion as to whether: the accounts are properly kept; and that the Annual Financial Report:

- is prepared in accordance with financial records; and
- represents fairly the results of the operations of the Local Government at 30 June in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Local Government Act 1995*.

Section 7.12A of the *Local Government Act 1995* requires Local Governments to meet with the auditor at least once in every year and to:

- examine an Audit Report received by the Local Government.
- determine if any matters raised by the audit report require action to be taken by the Local Government.
- ensure that appropriate action is taken in respect of those matters.

As set out in its Terms of Reference, the Audit and Strategic Finance Committee (ASFC) is required to review the City's Annual Financial Report and associated Audit Report and recommend its adoption to Council. The auditor is attending this meeting to present their audit report and discuss any issues they have raised.

Amendments to the *Local Government Act 1995* in August 2017 transferred responsibility for oversight of Local Government audits to the Office of the Auditor General (OAG). The OAG has since tendered out the performance of the City's audit, with KPMG having been awarded the audit contract for three financial years (commenced with the 2019 audit last year).

The audit plan for 2021 (as attached) was presented to the July meeting of this committee, and the auditor's report (attached) should be read in conjunction with this audit plan.

Key aspects of the audit included assessing the effectiveness of management internal controls, and the appropriateness of the City's accounting policies, disclosures, and accounting estimates. This audit work enables the OAG to express an opinion regarding the City's 2021 financial statements and associated financial ratios.

Submission

N/A

Report

2021 Annual Financial Report

The Annual Financial Report being presented to the AFSC contains a detailed set of financial statements prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, including all accounting and supporting notes. These are discussed and analysed below.

Statement of Comprehensive Income

The City's net result (before other comprehensive income) came in at \$15.62 million, \$7.6 million less than the previous year. While net operating activities had an improved result of \$0.7 million (up \$4.3 million on last year), these were offset by a fall in the City's non-operating revenue of \$4.3 million, a loss of \$6.5 million on the revaluation of the marina assets, and a \$1.0 million fall in profit from asset disposals.

Operating revenue of \$155.7 million was up \$3.9 million (2.6%) on last year. The main contributors to this result were:

- Fees and Charges up \$2.9 million (+10.7%) to \$30.3 million
 - Cockburn ARC up \$2.7 million reversing prior year impacts from COVID19 related shutdowns
 - Landfill revenue was also up by \$1.4 million (23.7%) to \$7.2 million
 - Planning and building approval income up \$1.1 million (64.5%) to \$2.8 million, reflecting the current building boom
 - The previous year had included a one-off income lift of \$1.2 million from development bonds called in
 - Waste collection charges from commercial properties were down \$0.6 million year on year, reflecting removal of compulsory charges on properties not using the waste collection service.
- Interest earnings were also down \$2.7 million on last year due to the significant decline in prevailing interest rates.
- Operating grants, subsidies and contributions were up \$1.6 million year on year with the only material contributor being additional funding of \$0.6 million (total \$1.1 million) for the Roe 8 Rehabilitation project in line with delivered works.
- Rates revenue was up \$2.0 million (+2.0%) to \$108.30 million, comprising growth only due to the zero rates increase adopted by Council in response to the COVID19 pandemic.

Operating expenditure for the year of \$155.0 million was down \$0.4 million (+1.0%) on the previous year. The main contributors were:

- Employee costs, the City's biggest operational expense item, were up \$2.6 million (+4.4%) to \$62.8 million. This reflected annual contract increases including the annual enterprise agreement increase of 2.0%, as well as growth in the City's workforce from insourcing (e.g. CoSafe) and increasing service delivery needs.
- Materials and contract costs were down \$2.0 million (-5.1%) to \$36.0 million, which included the following major items:
 - CoSafe contract costs down \$1.2 million year on year due to insourcing of supervisor positions.
 - Legal fees incurred were \$0.4 million lower for the year.
 - This year, the City did not incur postal voting or GRV revaluation expenses, saving a combined \$0.8 million on the previous year.
- Interest expenses of \$1.2 million were \$0.5 million higher, but this was due to finance costs recognised under the landfill site rehabilitation cost provision model.
- Combined Depreciation & Amortisation expenses (non-cash) of \$38.6 million were down a net \$2.2 million (-5.4%) on the previous year:
 - Depreciation on fixed assets of \$35.6 million was lower by \$0.5 million (-1.3%) on last year, mainly from decreased depreciation on road infrastructure (down \$0.8 million to \$13.1 million).
 - Amortisation of landfill rehabilitation assets was \$1.7 million lower at \$1.9 million, reflecting the effect of finishing capping cell 6 in the previous year.

Non-operating grants, subsidies, and contributions of \$21.2 million were down \$2.8 million (-11.0%) year on year. This was due to gifted development infrastructure assets down from \$14.2 million to \$11.4 million. Capital grants of \$4.1 million were also down \$1.0 million on last year, although this was offset by an extra \$1.0 million of developer contributions recognised to fund acquired assets.

Net profit and loss from asset sales was also down on last year by \$1.1 million, mainly due to lower profits realised from the sale of land. A \$6.5 million revaluation loss on marina related assets was also included in the net result, given the City had no previous asset revaluation surplus amount to absorb this.

Other comprehensive income included \$22.3 million from asset revaluations (\$29.4 million last year), mostly due to an increase in coastal infrastructure values.

Total comprehensive income of \$37.9 million was down \$14.5 million for the year, reflecting the results discussed above.

Statement of Financial Position

The City's net assets and total equity increased year on year by \$37.9 million to \$1,357.8 million. This reflects total assets of \$1,465.9 million (+\$50.9 million) and total liabilities of \$108.1 million (+\$13.0 million).

Current assets increased year on year by \$27.6 million to \$214.3 million, mainly due to a greater holding of term deposits (up by \$28.1 million). This largely represents an increase of funds held in financial reserves.

The increase in non-current assets of \$23.3 million to \$1,251.5 million was mostly from the revaluation of land, buildings, landfill, marina, and coastal infrastructure assets during the year (+\$15.8 million). Most of this valuation uplift is attributed to coastal infrastructure (breakwaters and seawalls), having increased by 59% to \$47.4 million.

Land and building valuations were relatively stable with the City's land holdings increasing by 2.7% to \$85.1 million and buildings reducing by 0.9% to \$236.2 million. Other increases were constructed and purchased assets of \$35.8 million, and gifted subdivision assets of \$11.4 million, offset by reductions for depreciation of \$36.25 million and assets disposals of \$1.4 million (from plant trade-ins, minor land sales and building demolitions).

Current liabilities had a \$9.0 million increase year on year to \$37.5 million, with \$5.8 million of the increase attributable to contract obligations on unspent contributions, grants and subsidies received. Employee related provisions increased by \$1.5 million +19%) to \$9.5 million, mainly due to an increase in entitled long service leave of \$1.4 million. Trade and other payables were also up by \$1.8 million to \$17.2 million, mostly from increased sundry creditors at year end.

Non-current liabilities increased overall by \$4.0 million on last year to \$70.6 million. Other liabilities included recognition of a \$5.4 million liability for Public Open Space cash in lieu contributions, transferred from the Trust Fund following a legislative change. Also included here were liabilities associated with unspent development contribution plans income were also up \$2.5 million to \$18.1 million.

Non-current borrowings were down \$4.7 million to \$11.4 million, reflecting no new lending and the ongoing repayment of existing debt.

Non-current employee related provisions (LSL) were down \$0.6 million to \$1.5 million, with a greater amount being recognised in current liabilities this year. Other provisions (for remediation of landfill site) were up \$0.5 million to \$32.1 million, due to unwinding of discount as per the net present value model used to calculate the liability. Other non-current payables increased by \$1.1 million mostly relating to increased bonds held for land developments.

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Changes in Equity

The City's retained surplus decreased by \$6.0 million over the year to \$555.8 million. This comprised the net result of \$15.6 million less net transfers to financial reserves of \$21.6 million.

Financial reserves increased from \$149.8 million to \$171.4 million, with a total \$62.1 million transferred into reserves during the year less drawdowns of \$40.5 million needed to fund budgeted capital and operating items.

The Asset Revaluation Surplus increased by a net \$22.2 million to \$630.5 million from the revaluation of land, buildings, landfill, marina, and coastal infrastructure assets during the year. Coastal infrastructure (breakwaters, seawalls) had a significant uplift in value of \$24.6 million, while freehold land assets had a small gain of \$2.2 million. Landfill infrastructure (-\$2.6 million) and buildings (-\$2.0 million) were both revised downwards, offset against existing revaluation surplus balances.

Statement of Cash Flows

The City's net cash inflows from operating activities of \$46.7 million were \$11.5 million more than last year, due to an increase in receipts of \$8.4 million to \$165.9 million and a decrease in payments of \$3.1 million to \$119.2 million.

Net cash outflows for investing activities of \$44.6 million were up \$13.2 million for the year, comprising:

- Cash inflows from the sale of assets of \$1.5 million were down \$1.2 million on last year, due to less land sales.
- Cash outflows of \$35.8 million for combined spending on infrastructure (\$16.3m), and property, plant and equipment (\$19.5m) were up \$2.3 million on last year.
- Cash inflows from capital grants and developer contributions were also up by \$1.0 million to \$12.4 million.
- Net cash outflows of \$28.1 million from the investing of funds in term deposits were \$16.1 million higher than last year.

Net cash outflows from financing activities of \$2.7 million included the repayment of \$4.0 million in borrowings for the Cockburn ARC and SMRC (slightly up on last year). This was offset by a net cash inflow of \$1.7 million from bonds and deposits held mainly for development related purposes.

Cash and cash equivalents decreased marginally by \$0.5 million to \$4.6 million during the reporting year. This represents the amount held in short-term (less than 3 months) cash deposits as at 30 June 2021. It is worth noting that the City's term deposits totalling \$197.5 million are not considered cash equivalents under Australian Accounting Standards, although most mature within 12 months.

Rate Setting Statement

This statement provides the most insightful view of the City's financial performance for 2021 and demonstrates the municipal budget surplus calculation.

The City's closing surplus at 30 June 2021 was \$8.6 million, down \$3.6 million compared to last year's result. This result includes the \$8.3 million of municipal funding for uncompleted capital projects carried forward by Council at the September Council meeting.

The remaining \$0.3 million was the uncommitted surplus for the year, noting that Council conservatively budgeted for no uncommitted surplus to be brought forward in the 2021/22 annual budget.

The total amount raised from general rates (i.e. not including specified area rates) was up \$2.1 million (2.0%) to \$107.7 million. This increase was completely attributable to growth in rateable properties from new developments, considering Council adopted a "zero rates" increase in response to the pandemic.

A unique aspect of the rate setting statement is the inclusion of capital works and projects. Assets totalling \$47.2 million were taken up by the City during the year, down \$0.5 million on last year. However, included in this result were gifted development assets totalling \$11.4 million, down \$2.8 million on the previous year. This included (\$11.0 million for roads related infrastructure and \$0.5 million for gifted park related assets.

Financial Ratios

The WA Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 prescribe seven financial ratios that are to be included in the Annual Financial Report. These ratios are also used by the Department of Local Government, Sport and Cultural Industries (DLGSC) as a measurement of a Local Government's overall financial health. They form the basis of calculations used for the Financial Health Indicator (FHI) displayed on the MyCouncil website.

Ratio	2021	2020	2019	2018	Bench- mark	High
Current ratio	1.13	1.13	0.97	1.33	1.00	1.50
Asset consumption ratio	0.69	0.71	0.71	0.70	0.50	0.75
Asset renewal funding ratio	1.02	0.75	0.75	0.71	0.75	1.10
Asset sustainability ratio	0.53	0.71	0.46	0.74	0.90	1.20
Debt service cover ratio	6.68	8.25	8.72	5.53	2.00	5.00
Operating Surplus ratio	0.01	-0.02	0.01	-0.05	0.01	0.15
Own source revenue ratio	0.91	0.89	0.94	0.96	0.40	0.90
Financial Health Indicator	72	62	73	78	70	100

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The City's FHI score for the year ending 30 June 2021 has increased to 72 (from 62) and exceeds the industry benchmark of 70. A score of at least 70 is an indication of sound overall financial health (as defined by the DLGSC), but this is only one factor to consider in assessing overall performance.

It is worth noting that six ratios either met or exceeded the DLGSC benchmarks, with the debt service and own source revenue ratios exceeding the high benchmark setting. Only one of the City's ratios failed to reach the DLGSC benchmark score, being the asset sustainability ratio.

The asset sustainability ratio continues to fall below the departmental benchmark and has been flagged by audit as a significant adverse trend. However, as previously explained to Council, the City is confident that its financial and resource planning strategies are appropriate for the current high growth phase the City is experiencing. This ratio assesses the City's spend on renewing its existing asset base, as a percentage of the depreciation expense on these assets.

Almost half the City's depreciation is generated from its roads and road related assets, for which the City has well developed asset management plans determining the optimal timing for renewal spend. Cockburn's road network is in relatively good condition, with a significant proportion of roads having been contributed in recent years through subdivision developments. Although these assets generate annual depreciation on a linear basis, the associated renewal spend will not be required until much later.

The City is currently focusing much of its road capital spend on several new roads to address urban growth and associated traffic issues. This is a typical scenario for an outer growth Council (opposed to a developed inner metropolitan Council) and the Asset Sustainability Ratio fails to distinguish between the two.

This ratio is expected to improve over the longer term as the City approaches full development and focuses on delivering renewal projects contained within the Community Sport and Recreation Facilities Plan.

Auditor's Report to ASFC & Management Letter (KPMG)

The 2021 Annual Financial Report was audited by KPMG under contract from the Office of Auditor General (OAG). *The Local Government Act 1995* requires the City to meet with the auditor at least once in every year and representatives from the OAG and KPMG will attend the meeting to present their audit report and audit findings.

Attached to the agenda is the auditor's report to this committee and the management letter. These show key issues identified during audit and any findings made, the implications and audit recommendations. The management letter has been made a confidential attachment at the request of the OAG.

Draft Audit Opinion (OAG)

The OAG has issued a draft Independent Auditor's Report showing an unmodified audit opinion on the City's 2021 financial report.

In the report, the Auditor General does state an opinion that the asset sustainability ratio indicates a significant adverse trend in the financial position of the City, having been below the DLGSC standard benchmark for the last three financial years. This was also the case last year and has been addressed in the discussion on the financial ratios earlier in this report.

The audit opinion will be signed off and issued by the OAG following this meeting and after receipt of the signed statement by the CEO for the financial report.

The draft audit opinion is also attached to the agenda as a confidential item at the request of the OAG.

Strategic Plans/Policy Implications

Listening and Leading

A community focused, sustainable, accountable, and progressive organisation

• Best practice Governance, partnerships, and value for money.

Budget/Financial Implications

The cost of the quoted external audit is sufficiently covered within the City's annual budget.

Legal Implications

- Local Government Act 1995 Sections 5.53, 5.54, 6.4, and Part 7 Audit
- Local Government (Audit) Regulations 1996 Regulations 9, 9A and 10
- Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 Part 4 Financial Reports

Community Consultation

N/A

Risk Management Implications

It is a requirement under the *Local Government Act 1995* for Council to accept the City's Annual Report (including the Financial Report and Auditor's Report) by no later than 31 December each year. Failure to do so will lead to statutory non-compliance.

Advice to Proponent(s)/Submitters

N/A

Implications of Section 3.18(3) Local Government Act 1995

Nil

City of Cockburn Report to Audit & Strategic Finance Committee





Introduction

To the Audit & Strategic Finance Committee of the City of Cockburn

We are pleased to have the opportunity to meet with you on 25 November 2021 to discuss the results of our audit of the City of Cockburn ("the City"), as at and for the year ended 30 June 2021.

We are providing this report in advance of our meeting to enable you to consider our findings and hence enhance the quality of our discussions. This report should be read in conjunction with our audit plan for the year ended 30 June 2021. We will be pleased to elaborate on the matters covered in this report when we meet.

Our audit is substantially complete. Subject to the Committee's approval, we expect to be in a position to recommend to the OAG unmodified audit opinions on the City's financial report and financial ratios, provided that the outstanding matters noted on page 3 of this report are satisfactorily resolved.

We draw your attention to the important notice on page 17 of this report, which explains:

- the purpose of this report; and
- limitations on work performed;
- restrictions on distribution of this report.

We would like to thank management for their assistance during the audit process.

Matthew Beevers Partner





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Auditor's independence	Appe	- endices

Executive summary

Key focus areas

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Existence and valuation of Infrastructure Assets	<u>4</u>
Existence and valuation of Fixed Assets	<u>5</u>
Revenue – rates, fees, charges, operating grants and subsidies, developer contributions plan	<u>6</u>
Landfill site – Rehabilitation Provision	<u>7</u>
Contracts and procurement	<u>8</u>
Personnel costs and related liabilities	<u>9</u>
Cash and cash equivalents and term deposits	<u>10</u>
Financial Ratios	<u>11</u>



Audit misstatements

Please refer to page <u>12</u> for details on the corrected and uncorrected audit misstatements identified.

Outstanding matters

In order to finalise our work, we require the following:

- Final review of the updated financial statements
- Receipt of signed financial statements declaration and certification
- Receipt of signed management representation letters
- Subsequent events procedures
- Final clearance comments of the Audit & Strategic Finance Committee of matters contained in this report.

Fraud

We have not identified any instances of material fraud through our audit procedures.

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Audit Focus Areas



Summary

Our audit response to the existence and valuation of infrastructure assets comprises primarily of fully substantive approach.

We consider this an audit focus area due to:

• Valuation methodology and assumptions can be complex and judgmental

Significant volume of individual assets

 ASA 540 (Revised) Auditing Accounting Estimates and Related Disclosures is now effective KPING OAGO Office of the Auditor General Serving the Public Interest



Our substantive approach

- Considered the externally prepared valuations for the City's infrastructure assets (Landfill, Marina and Coastal assets) and the internally prepared valuations for the City's gifted assets during FY21.
- Assessed the competence and capabilities of the City's valuers, including valuation methods and assumptions used.
- · Performed a roll forward from 1 July 2020 to 30 June 2021.
- On a sample basis, selected and tested asset additions to confirm existence and accuracy.
- Performed substantive analytical procedures over depreciation expense to assess reasonableness thereof
- Recalculated any revaluation gain/loss arising from the revaluation and ensured this has been appropriately recorded
- Considered management's impairment assessment for reasonableness and compliance with the Accounting Standards.
- Assessed the completeness and accuracy of capital WIP at year end, and for a sample selected, ensured the asset was capitalized at the correct date.

Conclusion

During the audit, it came to our attention that selected Roads and Infrastructure assets funded by the City were incorrectly identified as gifted assets by the GIS team and therefore incorrectly valued as gifted assets. Management has reviewed the gifted asset listing and quantified the error as \$4,731,376. This error has been corrected in the financial statements.

Based on the audit procedures performed, no other reportable misstatements were noted.

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Audit Focus Areas



Summary

Our audit response to the existence and valuation of fixed assets comprises a fully substantive approach.

We consider this an audit focus area due to:

 Valuation methodology and assumptions can be complex and judgmental when revaluations are performed

• Significant volume of individual assets

 ASA 540 (Revised) Auditing Accounting Estimates and Related Disclosures is now effective

KPMG	OAG
Krivig	Office of the Auditor General Serving the Public Interest

Balance	FY21	FY20
Fixed assets	\$339,326,772	\$333,321,662

Our substantive approach

- Considered the externally prepared valuations for the City's Land and Buildings assets.
- Assessed the competence and capabilities of the City's valuers, including valuation method and assumptions used.
- Performed a roll forward from 1 July 2020 to 30 June 2021.
- On a sample basis, selected and tested fixed asset additions to confirm existence and accuracy.
- Assessed management's impairment assessment for reasonableness.
- Perform substantive analytical procedures over depreciation expense to assess reasonableness thereof.
- Recalculated any revaluation gain/loss arising from the revaluation and ensured this has been appropriately recorded.
- Assessed the completeness and accuracy of capital WIP at year end, and for a sample selected, ensured the asset was capitalized at the correct date.

Conclusion

Based on the audit procedures performed, no reportable misstatements are noted.

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Audit Focus Areas



Summary

Our audit response to the revenue – rates, fees, charges, operating grants and subsidies comprises controls and substantive testing.

We consider this an audit focus area due to:

• High volume of transactions that management are required to process accurately

• Heighten area of focus for stakeholders





Our controls approach

· Approval of rates, fees & charges by the Council for the 2021 financial year

Our substantive approach

- For a statistical sample selected, recalculated the rates revenue for the year ensuring the correct rates were used and verified the accuracy thereof.
- Focused testing around financial year ends to ensure revenue was recorded in the correct period.
- For a statistical sample selected, verified a sample of fees and charges to invoices and bank statements.
- Vouched grants received to relevant grant agreement and bank statement.
- Tested the completeness and accuracy of contract liabilities relating to developer contributions.
- Reviewed management's disclosures in relation to the revenue Accounting Standards (AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers and AASB 1058 Income for Not-For-Profit entities).
- Reviewed management's position paper and legal advice on the Public Open Space (POS) and assessed whether the accounting treatment for POS contribution is appropriate.

Conclusion

The City deviates from the Department's guidance on accounting for cash in lieu of open space issued on 3 June 2021 but the City has obtained legal advice to support its position. Based on the audit procedures performed, no reportable misstatements noted.

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Audit Focus Areas



Summary

Our audit response to Landfill site – Rehabilitation provision comprises a fully substantive approach.

We consider this an audit focus area due to:

 Accounting for rehabilitation provisions is complex

• Accounting treatment can involve high levels of judgement and estimation uncertainty

•ASA 540 (Revised) Auditing Accounting Estimates and Related Disclosures is now effective KPING OAG Office of the Auditor General Serving the Public Interest



Balance	FY21	FY20
Rehabilitation asset	\$19,010,399	\$20,636,687
Provision for rehabilitation liability	\$32,062,428	\$32,383,854

Our substantive approach

- Tested management's landfill site rehabilitation provision and asset calculations.
- Verified the mathematical accuracy of the calculations received.
- Assessed the competence and capabilities of the experts engaged by the City, including valuation method and assumptions used.
- Tested and critically assessed the assumptions and inputs (such as discount rate, inflation rate) used in the model by management.
- Assessed the accuracy of component accounting for the rehabilitation asset, including related amortisation..

Conclusion

Based on the audit procedures performed, other than the error which has been corrected (refer to page 12) in relation to accretion expense for Cell 6, no reportable misstatements are noted.

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Audit Focus Areas



Summary

Our audit response to the contracts and procurement comprises controls and substantive testing.

We consider this an audit focus area due to:

 High volume of transactions that management are required to process accurately

• Heighten area of focus for stakeholders

KPING OAG Office of the Auditor General Serving the Public Interest

Balance	FY21	FY20
Fotal operating expenditure excluding employee costs)	\$92,158,046	\$95,159,033

Our controls approach

- Testing of authorisation of purchases orders in line with the City's Delegation of Authority
- Testing of authorisation of purchases orders in line with the City's Procurement Policy

Our substantive approach

- On a statistical sample basis for expenditure, agreed payments made to supporting documentation and confirmed authorisation of such payments was in line with the City's Delegation of Authority and Procurement Policy.
- For a sample of new contracts awarded during the year, reviewed the procurement process to ensure the City's Procurement Policy was adhered to
- · Performed a search for unrecorded liabilities at year end
- Assessed the completeness and accuracy of leases disclosed by the City.

Conclusion

Based on the audit procedures performed, no reportable misstatements are noted.

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Audit Focus Areas

OG Personnel costs and related liabilities

Summary

Our audit response to the personnel costs and related liabilities comprises a largely substantive approach.

We consider this an audit focus area due to:

• High volume of transactions that management are required to process accurately

• Existence and accuracy of payroll related costs

KPMG	Office of the Auditor General
	Serving the Public Interes

Balance	FY21	FY20
Employee costs	\$62,845,278	\$60,211,849

Our controls approach

· Authorisation and approval of pay run payments.

Our substantive approach

- Reconciled the payroll report transactions and trial balance as at 30 June 2021, including related payroll liabilities
- Substantive analytical procedures performed over payroll expenses.
- Substantive analytical procedures performed over annual leave and long service leave provisions as at 30 June 2021.

Conclusion

Based on the audit procedures performed, no reportable misstatements are noted.

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Audit Focus Areas



Summary

Our audit response to cash and cash equivalents comprises a fully substantive approach.

We consider this an audit focus area due to:

• High volume of transactions of significant value

• Significant value of term deposits





Balance	FY21	FY20
Cash and cash equivalents	\$4,606,858	\$5,133,910
Term deposits	\$197,500,000	\$169,400,000

Our substantive approach

- · Obtained independent bank confirmations at year end.
- · Reviewed the year end bank reconciliations and agree to bank confirmations received.
- On a sample basis, vouch term deposits to confirmations and consider appropriateness of classification.

Conclusion

Based on the audit procedures performed, no reportable misstatements are noted.

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Audit Focus Areas



Summary

We reviewed the financial ratios presented by the City for the year ended 30 June 2021.

Ratio	FY21	FY20	FY19	Significant Adverse Trend?
Current Ratio	1.13	1.13	0.97	No
Asset Consumption Ratio	0.69	0.71	0.71	No
Asset renewal funding ratio	1.02	0.75	0.75	No
Asset sustainability ratio	0.53	0.71	0.46	Yes
Debt service cover ratio	6.68	8.25	8.72	No
Operating surplus ratio	0.01	(0.02)	0.01	No
Own source revenue coverage ratio	0.91	0.89	0.94	No

Our approach

- Tested the ratios presented by the City for the year ended 30 June 2021.
- Assessed the mathematical accuracy of the financial ratios.
- Assessed whether any ratios constituted a significant adverse trend in accordance with the OAG guidance.

Conclusion

Based on the audit procedures performed, no reportable misstatements are noted.

Adverse trends have been identified for the Asset Sustainability ratio.

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Audit Misstatements



We assess audit misstatements under the income statement method.

The income statement method considers the effect of uncorrected prior-period misstatements from an income statement perspective and uncorrected misstatements are quantified as the amount by which the current period income statement is misstated, after considering the reversing and correcting effects of uncorrected prior-period misstatements.

Corrected misstatements

We noted and corrected the following errors, including the current year impact:

Accounts	SOFP adjustment Debit/ (Credit) (\$)	SOCI adjustment Debit/ (Credit) (\$)	Comment		
1. Correcting the valuation of gifted	assets as a result o	of incorrect classifie	cation in GIS		
Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions		4,731,376	Selected assets funded by the City were incorrectly recorded as gifted assets as at 30 June 2021.		
Infrastructure	(4,731,376)				
2. Correcting the accretion expenses related to Cell 6 (disclosure)					
Accretion expenses		(1,872,986)	Accretion expenses for Cell 6 was incorrectly		
Depreciation expenses		1,872,986	classified (landfill rehabilitation).		
Rehabilitation asset - cost	1,872,986				
Rehabilitation asset – accumulated amortisation	(1,872,986)				

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Audit Misstatements (continued)

Accounts	SOFP adjustment Debit/ (Credit) (\$)	SOCI adjustment Debit/ (Credit) (\$)	Comment	
3. Correcting the liability related to compulsory land acquisition at Jandakot Road.				
Non-operating expenses		1,528,429	The City has undertaken compulsory acquisition of	
Trade and other payables	(1,528,429)		land from landowners abutting Jandakot Road to widen the Jandakot Road. The City has resumed the land as at 30 June 2021, therefore has an obligation to pay the valuation amounts plus interest accrued to the land owners.	
Total aggregate effect	(6,259,805)	6,259,805		

Uncorrected misstatements

No uncorrected misstatements identified.

Omissions and Errors in Presentation and Disclosures

We have not identified any material omissions or errors in presentation and disclosures in the financial report.

In the course of our review of the financial statements we made a number of recommendations in relation to presentation matters, including the disclosure of the corrected adjustments as detailed above.

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Auditor's Independence

We have strict rules and protocols to maintain our independence from City of Cockburn, including annual training and an annual staff declaration.

Safeguard

Non-audit services did not involve partners or staff acting in a managerial or decision making capacity, or involve the processing or originating of transactions.

Non-audit services were only provided where we were satisfied that they did not impact on our auditor independence.

Partners and staff involved in the provision of non-audit services obtained approval from the lead engagement partner to deliver the service.

Breaches

The APESB Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code") requires us to communicate to you any breaches of the independence requirements of the Code.

On the rare instance of a significant breach of the Code, we will report our conclusions to you on the actions to be taken, or already taken within three working days. We will report less significant breaches in the Year-end Report to the Audit & Strategic Finance Committee.

We confirm that as at the date of this report, no such breaches have been identified.

Non audit services

No non-audit services have been performed during or subsequent to the year ended 30 June 2021, other than approved Grant Acquittals in our capacity as external auditor.

Conclusion

We confirm that, as at the date of this report, we have complied with the ethical requirements regarding independence.

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Appendices



Required Communications	Contraction Contra



Required communications with the Committee

Туре		Response	Туре		Response	
Our draft management representation	ement OK representations in addition to those areas normally		Significant difficulties	ОК	No significant difficulties were encountered during the audit.	
letter		the year ended 30 June 2021.	Disagreements with management or scope		The engagement team had no disagreements with management and no scope limitations were	
Related parties	ок	There were no significant matters that arose during the audit in connection with the entity's related parties.	limitations		imposed by management during the audit.	
Other matters warranting	ОК	There were no matters to report arising from the audit that, in our professional judgement, are significant to the oversight of the financial reporting	t that, in our professional judgement, are ificant to the oversight of the financial reporting	ОК	This is to be completed once the preparation of the annual report is completed.	
attention by those charged with governance		process.		ОК	No matters to report. The engagement team and the firm have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence.	
Control deficiencies	ОК	Refer to management letter issued for control deficiencies noted.	Accounting practices	ОК	Over the course of our audit, we have evaluated the appropriateness of City of Cockburn's	
Modifications to auditor's report	ОК	None.	· · · · · ·		accounting policies, accounting estimates and financial statement disclosures. In general, we believe that these are appropriate.	
Actual or suspected fraud, non- compliance with laws or regulations or illegal acts	ОК	No actual or suspected fraud management, employees with significant roles in internal control, or where fraud results in a material misstatement in the financial statements was identified during the audit.	Significant matters discussed or subject to correspondence with management	ОК	The significant matters arising from the audit were discussed with management and included within this Report.	

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Important notice

This report is presented under the terms of our audit contract with the OAG.

- Circulation of this report is restricted.
- The content of this report is based solely on the procedures necessary for our audit.

KPING OAG Office of the Auditor General Serving the Public Interest



Purpose of this report

This Report has been prepared in connection of our audit of the financial statements of the City of Cockburn (the "City"), prepared in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards ('AASBs') as at and for the year ended 30 June 2021. This report also covers the associated compliance related opinions and the financial ratios.

This Report has been prepared for those charged with governance, whom we consider to be the Audit & Strategic Finance Committee, in order to communicate matters of interest as required by ASAs (including ASA 260 Communication with Those Charged with Governance), and other matters coming to our attention during our audit work that we consider might be of interest, and for no other purpose. The Audit & Strategic Finance Committee should not assume that reports from us indicate that there are no additional matters they should be aware of in meeting their responsibilities.

This report summarizes the key issues identified during our audit but does not repeat matters previously communicated to you.

Limitations on work performed

This Report is separate from our audit report and does not provide an additional opinion on the City's financial statements, nor does it add to or extend or alter our duties and responsibilities as auditors.

We have not designed or performed procedures outside those required of us as auditors for the purpose of identifying or communicating any of the matters covered by this Report.

The matters reported are based on the knowledge gained as a result of being your auditors. We have not verified the accuracy or completeness of any such information other than in connection with and to the extent required for the purposes of our audit.

Restrictions on distribution

The report is provided on the basis that it is only for the information of those charged with governance of the City's; that it will not be quoted or referred to, in whole or in part, without our prior written consent; and that we accept no responsibility to any third party in relation to it.

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City of Cockburn Report to the Audit & Strategic Finance Committee For the year ending 30 June 2021



Serving the Public Interest

Introduction

To the Audit and Strategic Finance Committee

We are pleased to have the opportunity to discuss our audit of the financial report of the City of Cockburn ("the City"), as at and for the year ending 30 June 2021.

This audit plan and strategy document is intended to provide the Audit and Strategic Finance Committee with our audit focus areas, our procedures over these areas, deliverables and timelines.

Restrictions on distribution

This report is intended solely for the information of those charged with governance of the City and the report is provided on the basis that it should not be distributed to other parties; that it will not be quoted or referred to, in whole or in part, without our prior written consent; and that we accept no responsibility to any third party in relation to it.

Contents

KPMG's Audit Responsibility Audit Approach Audit Risk Assessment Key Audit Focus Area Accounting Estimates Timeline of the Audit

Your Team

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issues.

KPMG's audit responsibility



On behalf of the Auditor General, KPMG has been contracted by the Office of the Auditor General ("OAG") to perform the audit of the City. The contract KPMG's aim is to provide a high requires KPMG to use their audit approach and methodology quality audit of the City's KPMG conducts an independent audit in order to enable the OAG to express an opinion regarding the financial statements financial statements including and Asset Consumption Ratio and Asset Renewal Funding Ratio included in the annual financial report . Our audit is the Asset Consumption Ratio conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards in order to provide reasonable assurance as to whether the and Asset Renewal Funding financial report is free of material misstatement. The nature of an audit is influenced by factors such as the use of Ratio that is risk focused with professional judgment, selective testing, the inherent limitations of internal controls, and the availability of persuasive rather independent insight on the key than conclusive evidence. Therefore, an audit cannot guarantee that all material misstatements will be detected. We perform procedures to assess whether the financial statements present fairly with the City's financial position as at 30 . June 2021, and its performance for the year ending on that date in accordance with the Local Government Act 1995, Local Government (Audit) Regulations 1996, Australian Accounting Standards and other mandatory financial reporting requirements applicable to the City. We form our recommended audit opinion on the basis of these procedures, which include: examining, on a test basis, information to provide evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial report; and assessing the appropriateness of the accounting policies and disclosures used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the City. We consider the effectiveness of management's internal controls over financial and performance reporting when determining the nature and extent of our procedures. We will express an opinion recommendation on whether: The annual financial report of the City is based on proper accounts and records; and fairly represents, in all material respects, the results of the operations of the City for the year ended 30 June 2021 and its financial position at the end of that period in accordance with the Local Government Act 1995 (the Act) and, to the extent that they are not inconsistent with the Act, and Australian Accounting Standards. The Asset Consumption Ratio and Asset Renewal Funding Ratio included in the annual financial report were supported by verifiable information and reasonable assumptions. The OAG and KPMG understand the importance of our role as auditors in the external reporting framework and we work to maintain an extensive system of quality control over our audit practices.



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Audit Approach

The following table summarises our approach to the audit of the City:

Area	Assessment & Approach					
Methodologies and activities	 Our audit approach is tailored to address financial statement risks unique to the City. In tailoring our approach, we have held discussions with management, considered any changes to operations, and considered both external and internal developments that may impact our audit risk. 					
	 A summary of the activities in each phase of our audit is provided. 					
	 On completion, we will evaluate the evidence we obtained and report our findings to you. 					
Materiality	- Planning materiality is determined at the overall financial statement level. Where appropriate, based on qualitative factors, we may lower our materiality threshold.					
	- The extent of audit procedures on balance sheet and income statement numbers is based on our professional judgement and materiality applicable to the City.					
	 During the course of our work, we will accumulate and report all identified uncorrected and corrected misstatements above our audit difference posting threshold, as well as material misstatements or omissions in presentation and disclosures, to the Audit and Strategic Finance Committee. 					
	 As required by auditing standards, we will request correction of identified differences. 					
Risk assessment	 Based on our experience, our knowledge of the City and discussions with management, we will perform an assessment of your business risks relevant to our audit and identify financial statement captions that may be affected by these risks to identify audit focus areas. 					
	 We have summarised the relevant risks faced by the City; and 					
	 The audit focus areas are identified, our planned procedures and key accounting and reporting matters for consideration. 					
Independence	- Our audit services are subject to the OAG's, KPMG's and our profession's strict rules and policies regarding auditor independence.					
	 We will not undertake services that are incompatible with our role as your auditor, or that could compromise our independence in any way. 					
	- We will continue to monitor our independence on an ongoing basis and will confirm our independence at the time of audit completion and signing the audit opinion.					
Approach to fraud	 The primary responsibility for preventing and detecting fraud rests with the Council and CEO. 					
	 We are responsible for obtaining reasonable assurance that the financial report, taken as a whole, is free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. Owing to the inherent limitations of an audit there is an unavoidable risk that some material misstatements of the financial report may not be detected. 					
	 We will assess the risk of fraud and design procedures that respond to that risk including, but not limited to, making enquiries of management about actual, suspected or alleged fraud and testing journal entry posting controls and a sample of journal entries. 					
	 We request at this time the Council and CEO to identify matters relating to fraud consideration for incorporating into our audit approach. We will report fraud related issues identified to the Council if identified during our audit. 					



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Audit Approach - Phases

	Planning / Risk assessment	Testing	Completion
Objectives	 Perform risk assessment Determine critical accounting and reporting matters Plan audit procedures Evaluate fraud risk in financial reporting Understand accounting and reporting activities Evaluate design and implementation of controls Perform initial test of operating effectiveness of key controls with sample sizes based on frequency and nature of controls 	 Assess control risk and the risk of significant misstatement Perform substantive audit procedures Audit non-routine transactions and re-assess the risk of misstatement Obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate 	 Evaluate and report audit findings Form and issue audit opinion Communicate with key stakeholders Indentify improvements for future years
Activities	 Update our understanding of business and operations via discussions with executive management and the finance team Calculate audit materiality Assess risks and identify general ledger accounts requiring audit focus Undertake analytical reviews and assess key accounting issues Discuss key processes and controls relevant to "significant general ledger accounts" Review and consider relevant internal audit reports 	 Complete test of operating effectiveness of key controls through sample sizes based on frequency and nature of control Complete testing of the relevant IT controls Perform testing on complex and non-routine transactions Perform other tests to supplement controls testing Audit of ratios Audit disclosures Active involvement of the OAG and review of work performed 	 Resolve judgemental issues identified throughout the audit Evaluate the City's financial statements Summarise key findings and report to management and the Audit and Risk Committee
Deliverables	 2021 Audit Plan Interim management letter (as required) 	 Summary of adjusted and unadjusted audit differences for consideration by management including significant deficiencies in internal controls Draft report to the Audit and Strategic Finance Committee and management letter, as necessary 	 Audit opinion from the OAG Exit Meeting report to Audit and Strategic Finance Committee Final management letter

Continuous communication between OAG/KPMG teams and the City



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Audit risk assessment

In our assessment of inherent audit risks impacting the financial report, we consider the nature of the risk, likelihood of its occurrence and potential impact it could have on the City's financial report.



Magnitude of Financial Statement Impact



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KPMG



Key audit focus areas





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Accounting Estimates





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Timeline of the audit

Communicating with and reporting to the City, with no surprises, underpins the quality of our audit. There are two main elements: the formal audit report, and ongoing communications. Two-way communication with management is a key aspect of our reporting and service delivery. We stress the importance of keeping you informed of issues arising throughout the audit and of understanding your views.

We deliver insights on aspects of the audit and your business practices such as the appropriateness of accounting policies, the design and operation of financial reporting systems and controls, key accounting judgements and any matters where we may disagree with management's view, and any audit differences or errors identified. We ensure the content of these reports meets the requirements of auditing standards and we share our industry experience to encourage discussion and debate with management. We see these insights as a key mechanism to support you in the execution of your responsibilities.







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CITY OF COCKBURN

FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

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COMMUNITY VISION

Cockburn the best place to be.

Principal place of business: Spearwood, WA

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CITY OF COCKBURN FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

Local Government Act 1995 Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996

STATEMENT BY CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The attached financial report of the City of Cockburn for the financial year ended 30 June 2021 is based on proper accounts and records to present fairly the financial position of the City of Cockburn at 30 June 2021 and the results of the operations for the financial year then ended in accordance with the Local Government Act 1995 and, to the extent that they are not inconsistent with the Act, the Australian Accounting Standards.

Signed on the

day of

2021

Chief Executive Officer

Name of Chief Executive Officer

CITY OF COCKBURN STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME BY NATURE OR TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

		2021	2021 Revised	2020
	NOTE	Actual	Budget	Actual
-		\$	\$	\$
Revenue				
Rates	29(a)	108,305,167	108,588,103	106,223,439
Operating grants, subsidies and contributions	2(a)	15,363,201	13,792,564	13,724,805
Fees and charges	2(a)	30,280,412	30,216,567	27,357,438
Interest earnings	2(a)	1,786,797	1,830,000	4,500,685
		155,735,577	154,427,234	151,806,367
Expenses				
Employee costs		(62,845,278)	(62,270,344)	(60,211,849)
Materials and contracts		(35,998,197)	(38,150,155)	(37,952,938)
Utility charges		(6,002,003)	(5,919,371)	(5,483,944)
Depreciation on non-current assets	11(b)	(38,568,690)	(35,641,134)	(40,772,796)
Interest expenses	2(b)	(1,174,733)	(696,000)	(721,414)
Insurance expenses		(1,681,861)	(1,723,200)	(1,533,725)
Other expenditure		(8,732,562)	(9,764,514)	(8,694,216)
		(155,003,324)	(154,164,718)	(155,370,882)
Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions	2(a)	21,254,356	21,690,012	25,604,896
Profit on asset disposals	11(a)	504,360	1,081,225	1,523,132
(Loss) on asset disposals	11(a)	(362,880)	0	(259,197)
Fair value adjustments to financial assets at fair value				
through profit or loss		5,172	0	2,305
Adjusted share former associates loan liabilities	18(b)	(36,683)	0	630,030
Share of net profit of associates accounted for using the				
equity method	27(a)	0	0	(675,004)
(Loss) on revaluation of Other infrastructure - marina	10(a)	(6,476,864)	0	0
		14,887,461	22,771,237	26,826,162
Net result for the period		15,619,714	23,033,753	23,261,647
Other comprehensive income				
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or los	0			
Changes in asset revaluation surplus	s 14	22,254,558	0	29,394,970
Changes in asset revaluation surplus	14	22,204,008	0	29,394,970
Total other comprehensive income for the period		22,254,558	0	29,394,970
Total other comprehensive income for the period		22,204,000	Ū	23,034,370
Total comprehensive income for the period		37,874,272	23,033,753	52,656,617
i can comprononente income for the period		01,014,212	20,000,100	02,000,017

CITY OF COCKBURN STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME BY PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

		2021	2021	2020
	NOTE	Actual	Revised Budget	Actual
		\$	\$	\$
Revenue		454 202	100.004	456 226
Governance General purpose funding		151,203 114,751,073	133,321 112,642,459	456,336 116,529,403
Law, order, public safety		1,454,422	1,126,711	999,207
Health		418,876	466,354	328,179
Education and welfare		7,959,408	9,008,756	8,166,946
Community amenities Recreation and culture		12,467,200 12,127,147	12,385,132 12,379,340	10,417,466 9,400,979
Transport		221,737	192,027	277,307
Economic services		2,337,995	2,252,205	1,763,225
Other property and services		3,846,516	3,840,931	3,467,319
		155,735,577	154,427,236	151,806,367
Expenses				
Governance		(11,172,555)	(11,914,002)	(13,170,743)
General purpose funding		(292,788)	(244,156)	(1,095,173)
Law, order, public safety		(6,962,821)	(6,893,063)	(7,000,600)
Health Education and welfare		(2,473,411) (15,438,384)	(2,656,824) (16,703,653)	(2,442,713) (15,182,975)
Community amenities		(32,385,258)	(31,353,680)	(33,409,514)
Recreation and culture		(46,909,936)	(45,360,976)	(43,730,616)
Transport		(31,624,909)	(30,775,699)	(31,362,870)
Economic services Other property and services		(2,987,913) (3,580,616)	(2,965,235) (4,601,432)	(2,694,409) (4,559,854)
Other property and services			(153,468,720)	
		((,,	(, , ,
Finance Costs		(0.0.40)		(0.5.40)
Governance General purpose funding		(3,843) (526,017)	0 (526,000)	(8,542) (617,805)
Law, order, public safety		(320,017)	(520,000)	(47)
Education and welfare		(385)	0	(555)
Community amenities		(641,498)	(170,000)	(89,339)
Recreation and culture		(869)	0	(1,263)
Other property and services	2(b)	(2,085) (1,174,733)	(696,000)	(3,864) (721,415)
	-(-)	(.,,	(000,000)	(, ,
Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions	2(a)	21,254,356	21,690,012	25,604,896
Profit on disposal of assets (Loss) on disposal of assets	11(a) 11(a)	504,360 (362,880)	1,081,225 0	1,523,132 (259,197)
Fair value adjustments to financial assets at fair value through	ri(a)	(302,000)	0	(239,197)
profit or loss		5,172	0	2,305
Adjusted share former associates loan liabilities	18(b)	(36,683)	0	630,030
Share of net profit of associates accounted for using the equity method	27(a)	0	0	(675,004)
(Loss) on revaluation of Other infrastructure - marina	10(a)	(6,476,864)	0	(075,004)
		14,887,461	22,771,237	26,826,162
		15 040 744	00 000 750	
Net result for the period		15,619,714	23,033,753	23,261,647
Other comprehensive income				
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss		00.051.55	-	00.00.000
Changes in asset revaluation surplus	14	22,254,558	0	29,394,970
Total other comprehensive income for the period		22,254,558	0	29,394,970
Total comprehensive income for the period		37,874,271	23,033,753	52,656,617

CITY OF COCKBURN STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2021

	NOTE	2021	2020
		\$	\$
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	3	4,606,858	5,133,910
Trade and other receivables	6	6,770,687	7,640,553
Other financial assets	5(a)	197,500,000	169,400,000
Inventories	7	39,896	31,107
Other assets	8	5,396,926	4,500,651
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		214,314,367	186,706,221
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Trade and other receivables	6	1,324,079	1,361,772
Other financial assets	5(b)	1,089,135	1,093,670
Property, plant and equipment	9	339,326,772	333,321,662
Infrastructure	10	890,486,978	871,151,088
Intangible assets	13(a)	19,010,399	20,636,687
Right-of-use assets	12(a)	310,363	708,987
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		1,251,547,726	1,228,273,866
TOTAL ASSETS		1,465,862,093	1,414,980,087
CURRENT LIABILITIES	454.5	17 10 1 100	45.054.050
Trade and other payables	15(a)	17,194,160	15,351,658
Other liabilities Lease liabilities	16 17(a)	6,552,672	713,380
Borrowings	17(a) 18(a)	218,182 4,020,624	421,881 3,226,983
Employee related provisions	19	9,499,673	7,953,702
Other provisions	20	0	800,000
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	20	37,485,311	28,467,604
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	15(1-)	0.040.500	004 505
Trade and other payables	15(b) 16	2,010,562	884,565
Other liabilities Lease liabilities	17(a)	23,478,448 115,739	15,527,154 344,141
Borrowings	18(a)	11,445,281	16,171,527
Employee related provisions	19	1,481,992	2,093,180
Other provisions	20	32,062,428	31,583,854
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	20	70,594,450	66,604,421
TOTAL LIABILITIES		108,079,761	95,072,025
NETASSETS		1,357,782,332	1,319,908,062
NET AGGETS		1,557,702,552	1,319,900,002
EQUITY			
Retained surplus		555,827,438	561,835,270
Reserves - cash/financial asset backed	4	171,410,638	149,783,094
Revaluation surplus	14	630,544,256	608,289,698
TOTAL EQUITY		1,357,782,332	1,319,908,062

CITY OF COCKBURN STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

			RESERVES		
		RETAINED	ASSET	REVALUATION	TOTAL
	NOTE	SURPLUS	BACKED	SURPLUS	EQUITY
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance as at 1 July 2019		563,455,916	142,586,242	578,894,728	1,284,936,886
Change in accounting policy	_	(17,685,441)	0	0	(17,685,441)
Restated balance at the beginning of the financial year		545,770,475	142,586,242	578,894,728	1,267,251,445
Comprehensive income Net result for the period		23,261,647	0	0	23,261,647
Other comprehensive income	14	0	0	29,394,970	29,394,970
Total comprehensive income	-	23,261,647	0	29,394,970	52,656,617
Transfers from reserves	4	41,223,343	(41,223,343)	0	0
Transfers to reserves	4	(48,420,195)	48,420,195	0	0
Balance as at 30 June 2020	-	561,835,270	149,783,094	608,289,698	1,319,908,062
Restated balance at 1 July 2020	-	561,835,270	149,783,094	608,289,698	1,319,908,062
Comprehensive income					
Net result for the period		15,619,714	0	0	15,619,714
Other comprehensive income	14	0	0	22,254,558	22,254,558
Total comprehensive income		15,619,714	0	22,254,558	37,874,272
Transfers from reserves	4	40,482,863	(40,482,863)	0	0
Transfers to reserves	4	(62,110,406)	62,110,406	0	0
Balance as at 30 June 2021	-	555,827,438	171,410,638	630,544,256	1,357,782,332

CITY OF COCKBURN STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

NOTE Actual Budget Actual CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES \$			2021	2021	2020
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts 109,208,389 108,321,259 107,575,107 Operating grants, subsidies and contributions 20,007,151 6,808,728 13,877,283 Fees and charges 30,280,412 28,013,718 27,357,438 Interest received 4,625,722 11,925,610 4,214,404 Payments (62,131,292) (61,163,841) (58,990,864) Materials and contracts (36,628,255) (41,407,197) (17,47,33) (666,000) (72,1,414) Interest expenses (11,174,733) (66,000) (72,1,414) (11,723,200) (1,533,725) Goods and services tax paid (1,681,861) (1,723,200) (1,533,725) (3,488,80) (122,332,237) Net cash provided by operating activities 21 46,714,652 36,494,727 35,192,681 Payments for construction of infrastructure (16,264,940) (25,621,963) (21,33,191) Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions 12,309,680 11,372,253 (28,090,293) (25,000) (11,128,321) Payments for construction of infrastructure (16,264,940) (NOTE	Actual	Budget	Actual
Receipts 109,208,389 108,321,259 107,575,107 Rates 00,2007,151 6,808,728 13,877,283 Fees and charges 30,280,412 28,013,718 27,357,438 Interest received 1,786,797 2,930,000 4,500,685 Goods and services tax received 4,625,722 11,925,610 4,214,404 Payments 185,908,471 157,999,315 157,524,917 Employee costs (62,131,292) (61,163,841) (58,990,864) Interest expenses (36,122,559) (36,628,285) (41,407,197) Utility charges (66,002,003) (5,749,538) (5,483,944) Interest expenses (1,174,733) (696,000) (721,414) Insurance paid (33,48,808) (5,962,805) (5,003,809) (8,684,216) Codes and services tax paid (3,348,808) (12,332,237) (119,193,819) (121,504,588) (122,332,237) Net cash provided by operating activities 21 46,714,652 46,41727 35,192,681 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Payments for funancial assets at			\$	\$	\$
Rates 109,208,389 108,321,259 107,575,107 Operating grants, subsidies and contributions 20,007,151 6,808,728 13,877,283 Interest received 1,786,797 2,930,000 4,500,685 Goods and services tax received 4,625,722 11,925,610 4,214,404 Payments 165,908,471 28,300,000 4,500,685 Employee costs (62,131,292) (61,163,841) (58,990,864) Materials and contracts (36,122,559) (36,622,285) (41,407,197) Utility charges (66,002,003) (5,749,538) (54,83,944) Insurance paid (1,747,330) (696,000) (721,414) Insurance paid (1,81,861) (1,723,200) (1,723,420) Goods and services tax paid (3,348,808) (5,962,805) (5,500,877) Other expenditure (8,732,563) (12,232,237) (11,91,93,819) (121,504,588) (122,332,237) Net cash provided by operating activities 21 46,714,652 36,494,727 35,192,681 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITES 2,369,660	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Operating grants, subsidies and contributions 20,007,151 6,808,728 13,877,283 Fees and charges 30,200,112 28,013,718 27,357,438 Interest received 4,625,722 11,925,610 4,214,404 Payments 165,008,471 157,999,315 157,524,917 Payments (62,131,292) (61,163,841) (58,909,864) Materials and contracts (36,622,659) (36,628,285) (41,407,197) Utility charges (60,02,003) (5,749,538) (5,483,944) Insurance paid (1,174,733) (696,000) (721,414) Insurance paid (1,181,861) (1,23,00) (1,33,725) Goods and services tax paid (3,348,808) (5,962,805) (5,500,877) Other expenditure (1,174,733) (696,000) (172,414) Net cash provided by operating activities 21 46,714,652 36,494,727 35,192,681 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Payments for financial assets at amortised cost (28,009,293) (25,00,000) (11,128,321) Payments for financial assets at amortised cost <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>					
Fees and charges Interest received 30,280,412 28,013,718 27,357,438 Goods and services tax received 1,786,797 2,930,000 4,500,685 Goods and services tax received 165,908,471 157,999,315 157,524,917 Payments 165,908,471 157,999,315 157,524,917 Construction (60,20,03) (5,749,538) (5,483,944) Interest expenses (1,174,733) (660,00) (72,144) Insurance paid (1,681,861) (1,723,200) (1,533,725) Goods and services tax paid (3,348,080) (5,962,805) (5,500,877) Other expenditure (8,732,553) (9,580,919) (8,644,216) Net cash provided by operating activities 21 46,714,652 36,494,727 35,192,681 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Payments for purchase of property, plant & equipment 9(a) (19,508,521) (25,603,900) (11,128,321) Payments for financial assets at amortised cost (28,090,293) (250,000) (11,128,321) Payments for purchase of property, plant & equipment 9(a) 1,512,958 83,000 2,633,952 Payments for principal activities					
Interest received 1,786,797 2,930,000 4,500,685 Goods and services tax received 4,625,722 11,925,610 4,214,404 Payments 165,008,471 157,999,315 157,524,917 Employee costs (62,131,922) (61,163,841) (58,990,864) Materials and contracts (36,122,559) (36,628,285) (41,407,197) Utility charges (1,174,733) (696,000) (721,414) Insurace paid (3,348,808) (5,962,805) (5,500,877) Goods and services tax paid (3,348,808) (5,962,805) (5,500,877) Other expenditure (8,732,563) (9,580,919) (8,694,216) Net cash provided by operating activities 21 46,714,652 36,494,727 35,192,681 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Payments for purchase of property, plant & equipment 9(a) (19,508,521) (25,603,900) (11,128,321) Payments for funcial assets at amoritised cost (28,009,293) (25,000,00) (11,950,334) Receipts of Public Open Space payments 12,369,680 9,339,600 11,372,253 Payments for funcial assets at amoritised cost (28,009,293)			, ,	, ,	, ,
Goods and services tax received 4,625,722 11,925,610 4,214,404 Payments 165,908,471 157,524,917 Employee costs (62,131,292) (61,163,841) (58,909,864) Materials and contracts (36,622,855) (34,625,722) (14,407,197) Utility charges (6,002,003) (5,749,538) (5,483,944) Interest expenses (1,174,733) (696,000) (721,414) Insurance paid (3,348,808) (5,962,805) (5,50,877) Goods and services tax paid (1,174,733) (696,000) (721,414) Insurance paid (1,83,81) (1,23,200) (1,533,725) Goods and services tax paid (16,264,940) (121,504,588) (122,332,237) Net cash provided by operating activities (16,264,940) (25				, ,	, ,
Payments 165,908,471 157,524,917 Employee costs (62,131,292) (61,163,841) (58,990,864) Materials and contracts (36,122,559) (36,628,285) (41,407,197) Utility charges (60,002,003) (5,749,538) (5,483,944) Insurance paid (1,174,733) (696,000) (721,414) Insurance paid (3,348,808) (5,962,805) (5,500,877) Other expenditure (3,348,808) (5,962,805) (5,500,877) Net cash provided by operating activities 21 46,714,652 36,494,727 35,192,681 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES 9(a) (19,508,521) (25,603,900) (11,128,321) Payments for purchase of property, plant & equipment 9(a) (19,508,521) (25,603,900) (11,128,321) Payments for financial assets at amotised cost (28,000,293) (250,000) (11,950,334) 0 0 0 Proceeds from sale of property, plant & equipment 11(a) 1,512,958 836,100 2,633,952 (44,561,752) (41,300,163) (31,349,641) CAS	Interest received				
Payments (a) (b) (c) (c	Goods and services tax received		, ,		
Employee costs (62,131,292) (61,163,841) (58,990,864) Materials and contracts (36,122,559) (36,628,285) (41,407,197) Utility charges (60,02,003) (5,749,538) (5,483,944) Insurance paid (1,723,200) (1,533,725) Goods and services tax paid (3,348,808) (5,962,805) (5,500,877) Other expenditure (8,732,563) (9,580,919) (8,694,216) (119,193,819) (121,504,588) (122,332,237) Net cash provided by operating activities 21 46,714,652 36,494,727 35,192,681 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (19,508,521) (25,603,900) (11,128,321) Payments for funancial assets at amortised cost (28,090,293) (250,000) (11,950,334) Receipts of Public Open Space payments (12,309,680 9,339,600 11,372,253 Net cash used in investing activities (14,4561,752) (41,300,163) (31,349,641) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITES Repayment of borrowings 18(b) (3,969,288) (3,900,000) (3,905,043) Net aceipts/(refund) of bonds 1,702,756 0 (1,920,960) 1			165,908,471	157,999,315	157,524,917
Materials and contracts (36,122,559) (36,628,285) (41,407,197) Utility charges (6,002,003) (5,749,538) (5,483,944) Interest expenses (1,174,733) (696,000) (721,414) Insurance paid (1,681,861) (1,723,200) (1,533,725) Goods and services tax paid (3,348,808) (5,962,805) (5,500,877) Other expenditure (1,114,193,819) (121,504,588) (122,332,233) Net cash provided by operating activities 21 (46,714,652 36,494,727 35,192,681 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Payments for purchase of property, plant & equipment 9(a) (19,508,521) (25,603,900) (11,128,321) Payments for construction of infrastructure (16,264,940) (25,621,963) (22,337,191) Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions 12,369,680 9,339,600 11,372,253 Payments for financial assets at amortised cost (28,090,293) (250,000) (11,950,334) Receipts of Public Open Space payments 0 0 0 0 Proceeds from sale of property, plant & equipment 11(a) 1,512,958 836,100 2,693,952 <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	•				
Utility charges (6,002,003) (5,749,538) (5,483,944) Interest expenses (1,174,733) (696,000) (721,414) Insurance paid (3,348,808) (5,962,805) (5,500,877) Other expenditure (3,348,808) (5,962,805) (5,500,877) Net cash provided by operating activities 21 46,714,652 36,494,727 35,192,681 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (19,508,521) (25,603,900) (11,128,321) Payments for purchase of property, plant & equipment 9(a) (19,508,521) (25,603,900) (11,372,253) Payments for construction of infrastructure (16,264,940) (25,621,963) (22,337,191) Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions 12,369,680 9,339,600 11,372,253 Payments for financial assets at amortised cost (28,090,293) (250,000) (11,950,334) Receipts of Public Open Space payments (44,561,752) (41,300,163) (31,349,641) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (44,561,752) (41,300,163) (31,349,641) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (44,561,752) (41,300,163) (31,90,900) (3,905,043)	Employee costs				(, , , , , , , ,
Interest expenses (1,174,733) (696,000) (721,414) Insurance paid (1,174,733) (696,000) (721,414) Goods and services tax paid (1,681,861) (1,723,200) (1,533,725) Goods and services tax paid (3,348,808) (5,962,805) (5,500,877) Other expenditure (8,732,663) (9,580,919) (8,694,216) Net cash provided by operating activities 21 46,714,652 36,494,727 35,192,681 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (19,508,521) (25,603,900) (11,128,321) Payments for construction of infrastructure (16,264,940) (25,621,963) (22,337,191) Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions (28,090,293) (250,000) (11,950,334) Receipts of Public Open Space payments (28,090,293) (250,000) (1,920,9339,52) Net cash used in investing activities (110) (44,561,752) (41,300,163) (31,349,641) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (44,561,752) (41,300,163) (31,349,641) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (44,561,752) (41,300,163) (31,349,641) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	Materials and contracts		(36,122,559)	(36,628,285)	(41,407,197)
Insurance paid (1,681,861) (1,723,200) (1,533,725) Goods and services tax paid (3,348,808) (5,962,805) (5,500,877) Other expenditure (8,732,563) (9,580,919) (8,694,216) Net cash provided by operating activities 21 46,714,652 36,494,727 35,192,681 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES 9(a) (19,508,521) (25,603,900) (11,128,321) Payments for porchase of property, plant & equipment 9(a) (19,508,521) (25,603,900) (11,128,321) Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions 12,369,680 9,339,600 11,372,253 Payments for financial assets at amortised cost (28,090,293) (250,000) (11,950,334) Receipts of Public Open Space payments 5,419,364 0 0 0 Proceeds from sale of property, plant & equipment 11(a) 1,512,958 836,100 2,693,952 Net cash used in investing activities 17(b) (41,300,163) (3,905,043) 1,702,756 0 (1,909,600) Payments for principal portion of lease liabilities 17(b) (413,420) 0 (469,799) 0 1,902,9600 1,902	Utility charges			(5,749,538)	(5,483,944)
Goods and services tax paid (3,348,808) (5,962,805) (5,500,877) Other expenditure (8,732,563) (9,580,919) (8,694,216) Net cash provided by operating activities 21 46,714,652 36,494,727 35,192,681 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES 9(a) (19,508,521) (25,603,900) (11,128,321) Payments for construction of infrastructure (16,264,940) (25,621,963) (22,337,191) Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions 12,369,680 9,339,600 11,372,253 Payments for financial assets at amortised cost (28,090,293) (250,000) (11,950,334) Receipts of Public Open Space payments 0 0 0 0 Proceeds from sale of property, plant & equipment 11(a) 1,512,958 836,100 2,693,952 Net receipts/(refund) of bonds 1,702,756 0 (1,920,960) 1,202,960) Payments for principal portion of lease liabilities 17(b) (413,420) 0 (469,799) Payments for principal portion of lease liabilities 17(b) (413,420) 0 (499,799) <td>Interest expenses</td> <td></td> <td>(1,174,733)</td> <td>. , ,</td> <td></td>	Interest expenses		(1,174,733)	. , ,	
Other expenditure (8,732,563) (9,580,919) (8,694,216) Net cash provided by operating activities (119,193,819) (121,504,588) (122,332,237) Net cash provided by operating activities 21 46,714,652 36,494,727 35,192,681 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES 9(a) (19,508,521) (25,603,900) (11,128,321) Payments for construction of infrastructure (16,264,940) (25,621,963) (22,337,191) Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions 12,369,680 9,339,600 11,372,253 Payments for financial assets at amortised cost (28,090,293) (250,000) (11,950,334) Receipts of Public Open Space payments 11(a) 1,512,958 836,100 2,693,952 Net cash used in investing activities (44,561,752) (41,300,163) (31,349,641) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES 1,702,756 0 (1,920,960) Payments for principal portion of lease liabilities 17(b) (413,420) 0 (469,799) Proceeds from new borrowings 18(b) 0 5,277,400 0 (469,799)	Insurance paid		(1,681,861)	(1,723,200)	(1,533,725)
Net cash provided by operating activities (119,193,819) (121,504,588) (122,332,237) Net cash provided by operating activities 21 46,714,652 36,494,727 35,192,681 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES 9(a) (19,508,521) (25,603,900) (11,128,321) Payments for construction of infrastructure (16,264,940) (25,621,963) (22,337,191) Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions 12,369,680 9,339,600 11,372,253 Payments for financial assets at amortised cost (28,090,293) (250,000) (11,950,334) Receipts of Public Open Space payments 11(a) 1,512,958 836,100 2,693,952 Net cash used in investing activities (14,561,752) (41,300,163) (31,349,641) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Repayment of borrowings 18(b) (3,969,288) (3,900,000) (3,905,043) Net receipts/(refund) of bonds 17(b) (413,420) 0 (19,20,960) Payments for principal portion of lease liabilities 17(b) (2,679,952) 1,377,400 (6,295,802) Net cash used in financing activities	Goods and services tax paid		(3,348,808)	(5,962,805)	(5,500,877)
Net cash provided by operating activities 21 46,714,652 36,494,727 35,192,681 CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Payments for purchase of property, plant & equipment 9(a) (19,508,521) (25,603,900) (11,128,321) Payments for construction of infrastructure (16,264,940) (25,621,963) (22,337,191) Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions 12,369,680 9,339,600 11,372,253 Payments for funancial assets at amortised cost (28,000,293) (250,000) (11,950,334) Proceeds from sale of property, plant & equipment 11(a) 1,512,958 836,100 2,693,952 Net cash used in investing activities 11(a) (3,969,288) (3,900,000) (3,905,043) Net receipts/(refund) of bonds 1,702,756 0 (1,920,960) Payments for principal portion of lease liabilities 17(b) (413,420) 0 (469,799) Proceeds from new borrowings 18(b) 0 5,277,400 0 (6,295,802) Net cash used in financing activities 18(b) 0 5,277,400 0 (6,295,802) Net decrease in cash held (527,052) (3,428,036)	Other expenditure		(8,732,563)	(9,580,919)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Payments for purchase of property, plant & equipment 9(a) Payments for construction of infrastructure (19,508,521) (25,603,900) (11,128,321) Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions (16,264,940) (25,621,963) (22,337,191) Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions (18,264,940) (25,603,900) (11,128,321) Payments for financial assets at amortised cost (28,090,293) (250,000) (11,950,334) Receipts of Public Open Space payments 11(a) 1,512,958 836,100 2,693,952 Net cash used in investing activities (14,561,752) (41,300,163) (31,349,641) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Repayment of borrowings 18(b) (3,969,288) (3,900,000) (3,905,043) Net receipts/(refund) of bonds 17(b) (413,420) 0 (469,799) Proceeds from new borrowings 18(b) 0 5,277,400 0 Net cash used in financing activities 17(b) (413,420) 0 (42,957,802) Net cash used in financing activities 18(b) 0 5,277,400 0 Net decrease in cash held					
Payments for purchase of property, plant & equipment 9(a) (19,508,521) (25,603,900) (11,128,321) Payments for construction of infrastructure (16,264,940) (25,621,963) (22,337,191) Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions 12,369,680 9,339,600 11,372,253 Payments for financial assets at amortised cost (28,090,293) (250,000) (11,950,334) Receipts of Public Open Space payments 5,419,364 0 0 Proceeds from sale of property, plant & equipment 11(a) 1,512,958 836,100 2,693,952 Net cash used in investing activities (44,561,752) (41,300,163) (31,349,641) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (3,969,288) (3,900,000) (3,905,043) Net receipts/(refund) of bonds 17(b) (413,420) 0 (469,799) Proceeds from new borrowings 18(b) 0 5,277,400 0 Net cash used in financing activities (2,679,952) 1,377,400 (6,295,802) Net cash used in financing activities (2,679,952) 1,377,400 (6,295,802) Net decrease in cash held (527,052) (3,428,036) (2,452,762)	Net cash provided by operating activities	21	46,714,652	36,494,727	35,192,681
Payments for purchase of property, plant & equipment 9(a) (19,508,521) (25,603,900) (11,128,321) Payments for construction of infrastructure (16,264,940) (25,621,963) (22,337,191) Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions 12,369,680 9,339,600 11,372,253 Payments for financial assets at amortised cost (28,090,293) (250,000) (11,950,334) Receipts of Public Open Space payments 5,419,364 0 0 Proceeds from sale of property, plant & equipment 11(a) 1,512,958 836,100 2,693,952 Net cash used in investing activities (44,561,752) (41,300,163) (31,349,641) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (3,969,288) (3,900,000) (3,905,043) Net receipts/(refund) of bonds 17(b) (413,420) 0 (469,799) Proceeds from new borrowings 18(b) 0 5,277,400 0 Net cash used in financing activities (2,679,952) 1,377,400 (6,295,802) Net cash used in financing activities (2,679,952) 1,377,400 (6,295,802) Net decrease in cash held (527,052) (3,428,036) (2,452,762)					
Payments for construction of infrastructure (16,264,940) (25,621,963) (22,337,191) Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions 12,369,680 9,339,600 11,372,253 Payments for financial assets at amortised cost (28,090,293) (250,000) (11,950,334) Receipts of Public Open Space payments 5,419,364 0 0 Proceeds from sale of property, plant & equipment 11(a) 1,512,958 836,100 2,693,952 Net cash used in investing activities (44,561,752) (41,300,163) (31,349,641) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES 886,100 2,693,952 Repayment of borrowings 18(b) (3,969,288) (3,900,000) (3,905,043) Net receipts/(refund) of bonds 17(b) (413,420) 0 (469,799) Proceeds from new borrowings 18(b) 0 5,277,400 0 Net cash used in financing activities 17(b) (2,679,952) 1,377,400 (6,295,802) Net decrease in cash held (527,052) (3,428,036) (2,452,762) 5,133,910 11,677,896 7,586,674		A ()			(11,100,001)
Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions 12,369,680 9,339,600 11,372,253 Payments for financial assets at amortised cost (28,090,293) (250,000) (11,950,334) Receipts of Public Open Space payments 11(a) 5,419,364 0 0 Proceeds from sale of property, plant & equipment 11(a) 5,419,364 0 0 Net cash used in investing activities (44,561,752) (41,300,163) (31,349,641) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (3,969,288) (3,900,000) (3,905,043) Net receipts/(refund) of bonds 17(b) (413,420) 0 (469,799) Proceeds from new borrowings 18(b) 0 5,277,400 0 Net cash used in financing activities 17(b) (413,420) 0 (469,799) Proceeds from new borrowings 18(b) 0 5,277,400 0 Net cash used in financing activities 18(b) 0 5,277,400 0 Net decrease in cash held (527,052) (3,428,036) (2,452,762) Cash at beginning of year 5,133,910 11,677,896 7,586,674	Payments for purchase of property, plant & equipment	9(a)	(19,508,521)	(25,603,900)	(11,128,321)
Payments for financial assets at amortised cost (28,090,293) (250,000) (11,950,334) Receipts of Public Open Space payments 11(a) 5,419,364 0 0 Proceeds from sale of property, plant & equipment 11(a) 1,512,958 836,100 2,693,952 Net cash used in investing activities (44,561,752) (41,300,163) (31,349,641) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (44,561,752) (41,300,163) (31,905,043) Net receipts/(refund) of bonds 17(b) 1,702,756 0 (1,920,960) Payments for principal portion of lease liabilities 17(b) (413,420) 0 (469,799) Proceeds from new borrowings 18(b) 0 5,277,400 0 0 Net cash used in financing activities 18(b) 0 5,277,400 0 0 Net decrease in cash held (527,052) (3,428,036) (2,452,762) 1,677,896 7,586,674 Cash at beginning of year 11,677,896 7,586,674 11,677,896 7,586,674	Payments for construction of infrastructure		(16,264,940)	(25,621,963)	(22,337,191)
Receipts of Public Open Space payments 5,419,364 0 0 Proceeds from sale of property, plant & equipment 11(a) 1,512,958 836,100 2,693,952 Net cash used in investing activities (44,561,752) (41,300,163) (31,349,641) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (44,561,752) (41,300,163) (31,349,641) Net receipts/(refund) of bonds 17(b) (3,969,288) (3,900,000) (3,905,043) Payments for principal portion of lease liabilities 17(b) (413,420) 0 (469,799) Proceeds from new borrowings 18(b) 0 5,277,400 0 0 Net cash used in financing activities 18(b) (527,052) (3,428,036) (2,452,762) Net decrease in cash held (527,052) (3,428,036) (2,452,762) 11,677,896 7,586,674	Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions		12,369,680	9,339,600	11,372,253
Proceeds from sale of property, plant & equipment 11(a) 1,512,958 836,100 2,693,952 Net cash used in investing activities (44,561,752) (41,300,163) (31,349,641) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (44,561,752) (41,300,163) (31,905,043) Net receipts/(refund) of bonds 17(b) (413,420) 0 (469,799) Proceeds from new borrowings 18(b) 0 5,277,400 0 Net cash used in financing activities 18(b) (2,679,952) 1,377,400 (6,295,802) Net decrease in cash held (527,052) (3,428,036) (2,452,762) 11,677,896 7,586,674	Payments for financial assets at amortised cost		(28,090,293)	(250,000)	(11,950,334)
Net cash used in investing activities (44,561,752) (41,300,163) (31,349,641) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (44,561,752) (41,300,163) (31,349,641) Repayment of borrowings 18(b) (3,969,288) (3,900,000) (3,905,043) Net receipts/(refund) of bonds 17(b) 1,702,756 0 (1,920,960) Payments for principal portion of lease liabilities 17(b) (413,420) 0 (469,799) Proceeds from new borrowings 18(b) 0 5,277,400 0 Net cash used in financing activities 18(b) (527,052) (3,428,036) (2,452,762) Net decrease in cash held (527,052) (3,428,036) (2,452,762) 5,133,910 11,677,896 7,586,674	Receipts of Public Open Space payments		5,419,364	0	0
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Repayment of borrowings 18(b) Net receipts/(refund) of bonds 17(b) Payments for principal portion of lease liabilities 17(b) Proceeds from new borrowings 18(b) Net cash used in financing activities 18(b) Net decrease in cash held (527,052) Cash at beginning of year (527,052)	Proceeds from sale of property, plant & equipment	11(a)	1,512,958	836,100	2,693,952
Repayment of borrowings 18(b) (3,969,288) (3,900,000) (3,905,043) Net receipts/(refund) of bonds 1,702,756 0 (1,920,960) Payments for principal portion of lease liabilities 17(b) (413,420) 0 (469,799) Proceeds from new borrowings 18(b) 0 5,277,400 0 0 Net cash used in financing activities (2,679,952) 1,377,400 (6,295,802) Net decrease in cash held (527,052) (3,428,036) (2,452,762) Cash at beginning of year 5,133,910 11,677,896 7,586,674	Net cash used in investing activities		(44,561,752)	(41,300,163)	(31,349,641)
Repayment of borrowings 18(b) (3,969,288) (3,900,000) (3,905,043) Net receipts/(refund) of bonds 1,702,756 0 (1,920,960) Payments for principal portion of lease liabilities 17(b) (413,420) 0 (469,799) Proceeds from new borrowings 18(b) 0 5,277,400 0 0 Net cash used in financing activities (2,679,952) 1,377,400 (6,295,802) Net decrease in cash held (527,052) (3,428,036) (2,452,762) Cash at beginning of year 5,133,910 11,677,896 7,586,674					
Net receipts/(refund) of bonds 1,702,756 0 (1,920,960) Payments for principal portion of lease liabilities 17(b) (413,420) 0 (469,799) Proceeds from new borrowings 18(b) 0 5,277,400 0 Net cash used in financing activities 13(b) (2,679,952) 1,377,400 (6,295,802) Net decrease in cash held (527,052) (3,428,036) (2,452,762) 11,677,896 7,586,674					
Payments for principal portion of lease liabilities 17(b) (413,420) 0 (469,799) Proceeds from new borrowings 18(b) 0 5,277,400 0 Net cash used in financing activities (2,679,952) 1,377,400 (6,295,802) Net decrease in cash held (527,052) (3,428,036) (2,452,762) Cash at beginning of year 5,133,910 11,677,896 7,586,674		18(b)		.,,,,,	
Proceeds from new borrowings 18(b) 0 5,277,400 0 Net cash used in financing activities (2,679,952) 1,377,400 (6,295,802) Net decrease in cash held Cash at beginning of year (527,052) (3,428,036) (2,452,762)				0	
Net cash used in financing activities (2,679,952) 1,377,400 (6,295,802) Net decrease in cash held (527,052) (3,428,036) (2,452,762) Cash at beginning of year 5,133,910 11,677,896 7,586,674		17(b)	(413,420)	-	(469,799)
Net decrease in cash held (527,052) (3,428,036) (2,452,762) Cash at beginning of year 5,133,910 11,677,896 7,586,674		18(b)	-		-
Cash at beginning of year 5,133,910 11,677,896 7,586,674	Net cash used in financing activities		(2,679,952)	1,377,400	(6,295,802)
Cash at beginning of year 5,133,910 11,677,896 7,586,674	Net decrease in cash held		(527.052)	(3 120 026)	(2 452 762)
			. , ,		
			5,155,910	11,077,890	7,560,074
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year 21 4,606,858 8,249,860 5,133,910	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	21	4,606,858	8,249,860	5,133,910

CITY OF COCKBURN RATE SETTING STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

		2021	2021	2020
	NOTE	Actual	Budget	Actual
		\$	\$	\$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				7 000 101
Net current assets at start of financial year - surplus/(deficit)	30 (b)	12,171,050	2,000,000	7,236,184
		12,171,050	2,000,000	7,236,184
Revenue from operating activities (excluding rates)				
Governance		151,203	133,321	456,336
General purpose funding		6,968,590	4,871,800	10,850,266
Law, order, public safety		1,454,422	1,131,711	999,207
Health		418,876	466,354	328,179
Education and welfare		7,959,408	9,008,756	8,166,946
Community amenities		12,467,200	12,385,132	10,417,466
Recreation and culture		12,127,147	12,379,340	9,400,979
Transport Economic services		495,639 2,337,995	662,751 2,252,205	492,261 3,071,403
Other property and services		4,076,973	4,446,432	3,467,319
Other property and services		48,457,451	47,737,802	47,650,362
Expenditure from operating activities		,		
Governance		(11,176,398)	(11,914,002)	(13,179,285)
General purpose funding		(818,805)	(770,156)	(1,712,978)
Law, order, public safety		(6,962,857)	(6,893,063)	(7,157,321)
Health		(2,473,411)	(2,656,824)	(2,442,713)
Education and welfare		(15,438,769)	(16,703,653)	(15,183,530)
Community amenities Recreation and culture		(33,026,756)	(31,523,680)	(33,498,853)
Transport		(47,273,685) (31,624,909)	(45,360,976) (30,775,699)	(43,731,879) (31,362,870)
Economic services		(2,987,913)	(2,965,235)	(2,694,409)
Other property and services		(10,059,564)	(4,601,432)	(4,666,241)
		(161,843,067)	(154,164,720)	(155,630,079)
Non-cash amounts excluded from operating activities	30(a)	52,791,958	36,599,817	37,150,738
Amount attributable to operating activities		(48,422,608)	(67,827,101)	(63,592,795)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions	2(a)	21,254,356	21,690,012	25,604,896
Proceeds from disposal of assets	11(a)	1,512,958	836,100	2,693,952
Proceeds from financial assets at amortised cost - self supporting loans	(u)	1,012,000	(250,000)	2,000,002
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	9(a)	(19,508,521)	(25,603,900)	(11,128,321)
Purchase and construction of infrastructure	10(a)	(27,681,546)	(25,621,963)	(36,569,834)
Recognition of rehabilitation asset	13(a)	(307,177)	0	1,098,378
A		(0.4.700.000)	(00.040.754)	(40.000.000)
Amount attributable to investing activities		(24,729,930)	(28,949,751)	(18,300,929)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Repayment of borrowings	18(b)	(3,969,288)	(3,900,000)	(3,905,043)
Proceeds from borrowings	18(c)	(0,000,200)	5,277,400	0
Payments for principal portion of lease liabilities	17(b)	(413,420)	0	(469,799)
Transfers to reserves (restricted assets)	4	(62,110,406)	(60,293,640)	(48,420,195)
Transfers from reserves (restricted assets)	4	40,482,863	71,751,849	41,223,343
Amount attributable to financing activities		(26,010,250)	12,835,609	(11,571,694)
Surplus/(deficit) before imposition of general rates		(99,162,789)	(83,941,243)	(93,465,418)
Total amount raised from general rates	29(a)	107,750,972	107,770,659	105,636,468
Surplus/(deficit) after imposition of general rates	30(b)	8,588,183	23,829,416	12,171,050
	00(0)	0,000,100	20,020,410	12,171,000

CITY OF COCKBURN INDEX OF NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

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1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial report comprises general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (as they apply to local governments and not-for-profit entities) and Interpretations of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, and the *Local Government Act 1995* and accompanying regulations.

The *Local Government Act 1995* and accompanying Regulations take precedence over Australian Accounting Standards where they are inconsistent.

The Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 specify that vested land is a right-of-use asset to be measured at cost. All right-of-use assets (other than vested improvements) under zero cost concessionary leases are measured at zero cost rather than at fair value. The exception is vested improvements on concessionary land leases such as roads, buildings or other infrastructure which continue to be reported at fair value, as opposed to the vested land which is measured at zero cost. The measurement of vested improvements at fair value is a departure from AASB 16 which would have required the City to measure any vested improvements at zero cost.

Accounting policies which have been adopted in the preparation of this financial report have been consistently applied unless stated otherwise. Except for cash flow and rate setting information, the financial report has been prepared on the accrual basis and is based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and liabilities.

THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT REPORTING ENTITY All funds through which the City controls resources to carry on its functions have been included in the financial statements forming part of this financial report.

In the process of reporting on the local government as a single unit, all transactions and balances between those funds (for example, loans and transfers between funds) have been eliminated.

All monies held in the Trust Fund have now been transferred back to reserves as per the Town Planning Act.

INITIAL APPLICATION OF ACCOUNTING STANDARDS During the current year, the City adopted all of the new and

During the current year, the City adopted an of the new and revised Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations which were compiled, became mandatory and which were applicable to its operations. These were:

 AASB 1059 Service Concession Arrangements: Grantors
 AASB 2018-7 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Definition of Materiality

The adoption of these standards had no material impact on the financial report.

NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS FOR APPLICATION IN FUTURE YEARS

The following new accounting standards will have application to local government in future years:

- AASB 2020-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current
- AASB 2020-3 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Annual Improvements 2018-2020 and Other Amendments
- AASB 2021-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Disclosure of Accounting Policies or Definition of Accounting Estimates

It is not expected these standards will have an impact on the financial report.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The preparation of a financial report in conformity with Australian Accounting Standards requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that effect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses.

The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances; the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

2020

CITY OF COCKBURN NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

2. REVENUE AND EXPENSES

(a) Grant revenue

Grants, subsidies and contributions are included as both operating and non-operating revenues in the Statement of

Comprehensive Income:

	2021	2021	2020
	Actual	Revised Budget	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Operating grants, subsidies and contributions			
Governance	103,391	85,940	293,609
General purpose funding	4,424,943	2,019,256	4,224,085
Law, order, public safety	387,416	436,660	318,712
Health	32,901	55,254	34,586
Education and welfare	7,517,937	8,166,530	6,925,336
Community amenities	1,369,832	1,302,371	747,294
Recreation and culture	809,076	906,706	693,832
Transport	(18,923)	(47,973)	107,239
Economic services	1,687	4,000	5,862
Other property and services	734,940	863,820	374,252
	15,363,201	13,792,564	13,724,805
Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions			
General purpose funding	3,026,000	0	3,768,966
Law, order, public safety	13,636	15,000	0
Community amenities	207,853	4,006,606	95,182
Recreation and culture	3,539,310	6,892,427	1,752,220
Transport	14,302,440	10,628,454	17,603,196
Other property and services	165,116	147,525	2,385,332
	21,254,356	21,690,012	25,604,896
Total grants, subsidies and contributions	36,617,557	35,482,576	39,329,701
Fees and charges	17.044	47.004	402.250
Governance	47,811	47,381	162,256
General purpose funding	240,393	205,100	1,599,405
Law, order, public safety	1,067,006	690,051	680,495
Health	385,975	411,100	293,594
Education and welfare	435,245	842,225	1,224,028
Community amenities	11,097,369	11,082,761	9,670,173
Recreation and culture	11,318,071	11,472,633	8,707,147
Transport	240,660	240,000	170,068
Economic services	2,336,308	2,248,205	1,757,363
Other property and services	3,111,574	2,977,111	3,092,908
There were no changes to the amounts of face or charges	30,280,412	30,216,567	27,357,438

There were no changes to the amounts of fees or charges detailed in the original budget.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Grants, subsidies and contributions Operating grants, subsidies and contributions are grants, subsidies or contributions that are not non-operating in nature.

Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions are amounts received for the acquisition or construction of recognisable non-financial assets to be controlled by the local government

Fees and Charges

2024

2021

Revenue (other than service charges) from the use of facilities and charges made for local government services, sewerage rates, rentals, hire charges, fee for service, photocopying charges, licences, sale of goods or information, fines, penalties and administration fees.

2. REVENUE AND EXPENSES (Continued)

(a) Revenue (Continued)		2021 Actual	2021 Revised Budget	2020 Actual
non-financial assets to be	ncial assets th customers and transfers construction of recognisable controlled by the City year for the following nature	•	3	3
Operating grants, subsidies Fees and charges Non-operating grants, subs		15,363,201 30,280,412 21,254,356 66,897,968	13,792,564 30,216,567 21,690,012 65,699,144	13,724,805 27,357,438 25,604,896 66,687,139
liabilities from contracts wit financial assets and associ	es, contract assets and contract h customers along with ated liabilities arising from transfers construction of recognisable			
Contract liabilities from cor	s from contracts with customers tracts with customers ers for recognisable non financial assets	4,538,533 (6,552,672) (18,059,084)		3,342,043 (713,380) (15,527,154)

Impairment of assets associated with contracts with customers are detailed at note 2 (b) under 'Other expenditure'.

Contract liabilities for contracts with customers primarily relate to grants with performance obligations received in advance, for which revenue is recognised over time as the performance obligations are met.

Information is not provided about remaining performance obligations for contracts with customers that had an original

expected duration of one year or less. Consideration from contracts with customers is included in the transaction price. Performance obligations in relation to contract liabilities from transfers for recognisable non financial assets are satisfied as project milestones are met or completion of construction or acquisition of the asset. All associated performance obligations are expected to be met over the next 12 months.

2. REVENUE AND EXPENSES (Continued)

(a)	Revenue (Continued)	2021 Actual	2021 Revised Budget	2020 Actual
	Revenue from statutory requirements Revenue from statutory requirements was recognised during the year for the following nature or types of goods or services:	\$	\$	\$
	General rates Specified area rates Statutory permits and licences Fines Developer contributions Public open space contributions	107,750,972 554,196 1,532,903 845,327 7,490,562 0 118,173,960	107,770,659 550,600 0 0 0 108,321,259	105,636,468 586,971 1,002,729 226,674 6,247,423 751,809 114,452,074
	Interest earnings Rates instalment and penalty interest (refer Note 29(c)) Other interest earnings	(607) 1,787,404 1,786,797	0 1,830,000 1,830,000	249,376 4,251,309 4,500,685
	SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES			

Interest earnings Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for financial assets that subsequently become credit-impaired. For credit-impaired financial assets the effective interest rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (after deduction of the loss allowance).

Interest earnings (continued) Interest income is presented as finance income where it is earned from financial assets that are held for cash management purposes.

2. REVENUE AND EXPENSES (Continued)

	_		2021	2021	2020
(b)	Expenses	Note	Actual	Revised Budget	Actual
	A 10		\$	\$	\$
	Auditors remuneration				
	 Audit of the Annual Financial Report 		75,000	75,000	81,000
	- Other services		13,014	32,225	10,999
			88,014	107,225	91,999
	Interest expenses (finance costs)				
	Borrowings	18(b)	688,838	696,000	840,664
	Accretion expense	. ,	478,574	0	(133,771)
	Lease liabilities	17(b)	7,321	0	14,521
			1,174,733	696,000	721,414
	Other expenditure				
	Sundry expenses		8,732,562	9,764,514	8,694,216
			8,732,562	9,764,514	8,694,216

2. REVENUE AND EXPENSES

REVENUE RECOGNITION POLICY

Recognition of revenue is dependant on the source of revenue and the associated terms and conditions associated with each source of revenue and recognised as follows:

		When obligations				Allocating	Measuring	
Devenue Coloneau	Nature of goods and	typically	Design of the second	Returns/Refunds/	Determination of	transaction	obligations for	Timing of revenue
Revenue Category Rates - general rates	General rates	over time	Payment terms Payment dates adopted by council during the year	Warranties None	Adopted by council annually	When taxable event occurs	Not applicable	When rates notice is issued
Rates - specified area rates	Rates charge for specific defined purpose	Over time	Payment dates adopted by council during the year	Refund in event monies are unspent	Adopted by council annually	When taxable event occurs	Not applicable	When rates notice is issued
Grant contracts with customers	Community events, minor facilities, research, design, planning evaluation and services	Over time	Fixed terms transfer of funds based on agreed milestones and reporting	Contract obligation if project not complete	Set by mutual agreement with the customer	Based on the progress of works to match performance obligations	Returns limited to repayment of transaction price of terms	Output method based on project milestones and/or completion date matched to performance obligations as inputs are shared
Grants, subsidies or contributions for the construction of non-financial assets	Construction or acquisition of recognisable non- financial assets to be controlled by the local government	Over time	Fixed terms transfer of funds based on agreed milestones and reporting	Contract obligation if project not complete	Set by mutual agreement with the funding body	Based on the progress of works to match performance obligations	Returns limited to repayment of transaction price of terms	Output method based on project milestones and/or completion date matched to performance obligations
Grants, subsidies or contributions with no contractual	Government General appropriations and contributions with no reciprocal commitment	No obligation s	Not applicable	Not applicable	Cash received	On receipt of funds	Not applicable	When assets are controlled
commitments Fees and charges - administration fees	Fees relating to FESA, Service Charges, Building, Pet Registration, Impounding, Licencing, Planning, Search and Supervision fees	Single point in time	Payment in full in advance	None	Set by State legislation or adopted by council annually	Based on the timing of issue and/ or transfer of rights	Not applicable	When the service is rendered and complete or upon payment of the licence, registration or approval
Fees and charges - fines	Fines Issued for breaches of local laws	Single point in time	Payment in full within defined time	None	Adopted by council through local law	When taxable event occurs	Not applicable	When fine is issued
Fees and charges - memberships	Gym and pool memberships	Over time	Payment in full in advance	Refund for unused portion on application	Adopted by council annually	Apportioned equally across the access period of facility	Returns limited to repayment of transaction	Output method over 12 months matched to access right
Fees and charges - other inspections	Regulatory food, health and safety check	Single point in time	Full payment prior to inspection	None	Adopted by council annually based on State Government Legislation	Applied fully on timing on inspection	Not applicable	After inspection event occurs
Fees and charges - pool inspections	Pool compliance safety check	Single point in time	Equal proportion based on an equal annual fee	None	Set by State legislation	Apportioned equally across the inspection cycle	Not applicable	After inspection event occurs
Fees and charges - property hire and entry	Use of halls and facilities	Single point in time	In full in advance	Refund if event cancelled within 7 days	Adopted by council annually	Based on timing of entry to facility	Returns limited to repayment of transaction	On entry or conclusion of hire
Fees and charges - sundry sales	Sale of minor items	Single point in time	In full in advance	Returns for faulty items	Adopted by council annually	When taxable event occurs	Returns limited to repayment of transaction	On delivery of good
Fees and charges - waste management collections	Kerbside collection services	Over time	Payment on an annual basis	None	Adopted by council annually	Apportioned equally across the collection period	Returns limited to repayment of transaction	Based on regular weekly and fortnightly period proportionate to collection service
Fees and charges - waste management entry fees	Waste treatment, recycling and disposal service at disposal sites	Single point in time	Payment in advance at gate or on normal terms if credit provided	None	Adopted by council annually	Based on the timing of entry to the facility	Not applicable	On entry to facility
Fees and charges for other goods and services	Works for drainage modifications, kerbing or any other private works not associated with crossovers	Single point in time	When works are complete	None	Quotes determined by scale and nature of project and should match expenditure	Applied fully upon successful completion of works	Not applicable	After works are complete

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3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	NOTE	2021	2020
		\$	\$
Cash at bank and on hand		4,606,858	5,133,910
Total cash and cash equivalents		4,606,858	5,133,910
Restrictions The following classes of assets have restrictions imposed by regulations or other externally imposed requirements which limit or direct the purpose for which the resources may be used:			
- Cash and cash equivalents - Financial assets at amortised cost		3,709,844 179,973,871 183,683,715	3,846,465 150,667,659 154,514,124
The restricted assets are a result of the following specifi purposes to which the assets may be used:	с		
Reserves - cash/financial asset backed	4	171,410,637	149,783,094
Contract liabilities from contracts with customers	16	6,552,672	713,380
Bonds & deposits		5,720,406	4,017,650
Total restricted assets		183,683,715	154,514,124
SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES			
Cook and cook any ivalanta		Deptwinted pagets	

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cash at bank, deposits available on demand with banks and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are reported as short term borrowings in current liabilities in the statement of financial position.

Restricted assets

Restricted asset balances are not available for general use by the local government due to externally imposed restrictions. Externally imposed restrictions are specified in an agreement, contract or legislation. This applies to reserves, unspent grants, subsidies and contributions and unspent loans that have not been fully expended in the manner specified by the contributor, legislation or loan agreement.

CITY OF COCKBURN

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

	2021	2021	2021	2021	2021 Revised	2021 Revised	2021 Revised	2021 Revised	2020	2020	2020	2020
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual
4. RESERVES - CASH/FINANCIAL ASSET BACKED	Opening Balance	Transfer to	Transfer (from)	Closing Balance	Opening Balance	Transfer to	Transfer (from)	Closing Balance	Opening Balance	Transfer to	Transfer (from)	Closing Balance
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
(a) Staff Payments & Entitlements	1,633,128	0	(40,000)	1,593,128	1,633,128	0	(40,000)	1,593,128	1,679,842	143,286	(190,000)	1,633,128
(b) Plant & Vehicle Replacement	11,400,754	3,117,086	(2,647,846)	11,869,994	11,400,754	3,024,727	(4,479,848)	9,945,633	11,016,204	3,178,961	(2,794,410)	11,400,754
(c) Information Technology	501,249	1,200,000	(774,650)	926,599	501,249	1,200,000	(1,090,651)	610,598	302,718	203,531	(5,000)	501,249
(d) Major Building Refurbishment	16,677,163	3,000,000	(2,335,874)	17,341,289	16,677,163	3,000,000	(3,170,032)	16,507,131	14,878,218	1,801,413	(2,467)	16,677,163
(e) Waste & Recycling	12,200,267	1,964,254	(1,640,862)	12,523,659	12,200,267	1,964,254	(5,509,393)	8,655,128	15,481,387	1,194,695	(4,475,815)	12,200,267
(f) Land Development and Investment Fund	11,002,645	2,211,775	(350,700)	12,863,720	11,002,645	5,568,114	(11,444,682)	5,126,077	9,638,807	1,790,200	(426,362)	11,002,645
(g) Roads & Drainage Infrastructure	10,442,059	4,638,533	(2,877,047)	12,203,545	10,428,351	4,638,533	(7,850,304)	7,216,580	12,944,726	2,243,228	(4,745,895)	10,442,059
(h) Naval Base Shacks	1,161,639	81,260	0	1,242,899	1,161,639	18,287	0	1,179,926	1,132,099	43,225	(13,685)	1,161,639
(i) Community Infrastructure	27,777,436	3,500,000	(9,520,055)	21,757,381	27,777,436	3,500,000	(12,973,688)	18,303,748	19,187,585	10,370,689	(1,780,838)	27,777,436
(j) Insurance	2,235,907	500,000	(63,233)	2,672,674	2,235,907	500,000	(100,000)	2,635,907	1,806,509	696,102	(266,705)	2,235,907
(k) Greenhouse Action Fund	741,641	200,000	(232,703)	708,938	741,641	200,000	(288,330)	653,311	572,892	206,419	(37,670)	741,641
 Aged and Disabled Asset Replacement 	391,623	40,711	(9,462)	422,872	391,623	41,973	(35,675)	397,921	372,120	112,111	(92,607)	391,623
(m) Welfare Projects Employee Entitlements	1,611,878	903,894	(664,999)	1,850,773	1,611,878	918,465	0	2,530,342	1,044,584	699,089	(131,796)	1,611,878
(n) HWRP Post Closure Management & Contaminated Sites	3,501,513	250,000	(835,839)	2,915,674	3,501,513	250,000	(908,602)	2,842,911	2,373,754	1,133,336	(5,577)	3,501,513
(o) Municipal Elections	1,420	150,000	0	151,420	1,420	150,000	0	151,420	80,756	664	(80,000)	1,420
(p) Port Coogee Special Maintenance - SAR	1,820,480	374,034	(213,614)	1,980,900	1,820,480	422,245	(219,815)	2,022,909	1,864,041	471	(44,032)	1,820,480
(q) Port Coogee Waterways - SAR	102,267	93,989	(50,000)	146,256	102,267	56,891	(50,000)	109,159	(73,780)	459,772	(283,725)	102,267
(r) Community Surveillance	864,697	200,000	(131,827)	932,870	864,697	200,000	(135,050)	929,647	856,666	58,031	(50,000)	864,697
(s) Waste Collection	4,199,528	2,339,328	(26,000)	6,512,856	4,199,528	2,339,328	(151,000)	6,387,856	4,113,202	208,257	(121,932)	4,199,528
(t) Family Day Care Accumulation Fund	11,474	85	0	11,559	11,474	0	0	11,474	(899,514)	1,452,205	(541,216)	11,474
(u) Community Infrastructure (DCA 13)	4,782,645	5,125,095	(3,074,748)	6,832,991	4,782,645	3,017,282	(3,065,564)	4,734,363	4,782,512	133	0	4,782,645
(v) Naval Base Shack Removal	652,448	140,367	0	792,815	652,448	38,475	0	690,923	652,448	0	(0)	652,448
(w) Environmental Offset	308,011	0	(59,252)	248,759	308,011	0	(59,252)	248,759	251,049	56,962	0	308,011
(x) Bibra Lake Management Plan	521,086	0	(328,118)	192,968	521,086	0	(520,000)	1,086	524,211	3,623	(6,748)	521,086
(y) Restricted Grants & Contributions	5,786,772	2,805,355	(3,417,993)	5,174,134	4,982,925	0	(4,686,384)	296,541	5,845,277	6,305	(64,810)	5,786,772
(z) CIHCF Building Maintenance	9,327,472	1,360,665	0	10,688,137	9,327,472	1,458,228	0	10,785,700	10,166,184	5,649,946	(6,488,658)	9,327,472
({) Cockburn ARC Building Maintenance	3,718,365	1,500,000	0	5,218,365	3,718,365	1,500,000	0	5,218,365	2,137,584	1,584,281	(3,500)	3,718,365
() Carry Forward Projects	2,850,851	17,918,715	(8,902,343)	11,867,223	2,850,851	17,918,715	(12,782,585)	7,986,981	1,186,832	1,664,019	0	2,850,851
()) Port Coogee Marina Assets Replacement	1,484,887	300,000	0	1,784,887	1,484,887	300,000	0	1,784,887	4,566,687	8,780,584	(11,862,384)	1,484,887
(~) Port Coogee Waterways - WEMP	1,302,071	9,711	(65,245)	1,246,537	1,302,071	15,831	(100,000)	1,217,902	1,108,816	314,855	(121,600)	1,302,071
(I) Cockburn Coast SAR	25,209	35,753	(10,318)	50,644	25,209	30,465	(11,330)	44,344	83,847	15,659	(74,297)	25,209
(€) Developer Contribution Plans	10,744,509	2,365,468	(1,883,884)	11,226,093	10,758,217	2,256,857	(1,107,961)	11,907,113	10,736,140	24,927	(16,558)	10,744,509
(,) POS Reserve	0	5,784,328	(326,251)	5,458,077	0	5,764,971	(971,703)	4,793,268	2,171,837	4,323,218	(6,495,055)	0
	149,783,094	62,110,406	(40,482,863)	171,410,637	148,979,248	60,293,640	(71,751,849)	137,521,039	142,586,242	48,420,195	(41,223,343)	149,783,094

All reserves are supported by cash and cash equivalents and financial assets at amortised cost and are restricted within equity as Reserves - cash/financial assets backed.

CITY OF COCKBURN

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

In accordance with Council resolutions or adopted budget in relation to each reserve account, the purpose for which the reserves are set aside and their anticipated date of use are as follows:

	Name of Reserve	Anticipated date of use	Purpose of the reserve
(0)	Staff Daumanta 9 Entitlementa	ongoing	This Reserve provides for payment of various staff entitlements including separation, bonus, awards and other payments made to Staff either through contractual or
(a)	Staff Payments & Entitlements	ongoing	statutory entitlement, other than leave liabilities already provided for within the City's net asset position. This Reserve provides for the orderly replacement of plant and vehicles. Annual transfers into this Reserve are based on the estimated depreciation charge for plant
(b)	Plant & Vehicle Replacement	ongoing	each year. Funds are drawn as required to meet annual plant replacement costs.
	Information Technology	ongoing	This Reserve is used to provide for the capital cost of upgrading/replacement of Council's computer hardware and software.
			This Reserve provides funding for future major refurbishment of Council buildings as they become necessary. Annual transfers are usually made to this Reserve from
(d)	Major Building Refurbishment	ongoing	any end of year surplus.
			This Reserve provides funding for capital costs associated with the development and management of a waste disposal site. Transfers to this Reserve are made based
(e)	Waste & Recycling	2040	on planned future capital funding requirements for waste management.
(0)	Land Davidson and and low other and Fund		This Reserve is to accommodate and facilitate the purchase, development and disposal of land under the Council's land development strategies with the ability to loan
(1)	Land Development and Investment Fund	ongoing	funds on an interest payable basis to other reserve accounts of the City. The purpose of this Reserve is to provide for the renewal and refurbishment of roads and drainage infrastructure and for the provision of matching funds for Federal &
(a)	Roads & Drainage Infrastructure	ongoing	The purpose of this Reserve is to provide for the renewal and reaction ment of roads and drainage inhastracture and for the provision of inatching funds for Pederal & State Government road grants.
(9)	Noaus & Drainage innastructure	ongoing	This Reserve provides funds for the development & refurbishment of the Naval Base shacks site. It will also fund rehabilitation costs when the Park reverts back to the
(h)	Naval Base Shacks	ongoing	State Government. Annual transfers to this Reserve are fully funded by part of the lease income derived from the shacks.
()			This Reserve funds the provision of community and recreation facilities within the City as the need arises. The requirement for these facilities over the next five to ten
(i)	Community Infrastructure	ongoing	years is significant due to the rapid rate of development within the city and the associated population growth.
(i)	Insurance	ongoing	This Reserve is used to minimise and smooth annual budgetary impacts from the City's performance based insurance schemes, including deductibility levels.
(k)	Greenhouse Action Fund	ongoing	This Reserve will be used to purchase carbon offsets and fund projects to support energy efficiency, waste management and renewable energy installations.
(I)	Aged and Disabled Asset Replacement	ongoing	This Reserve is fully funded from the operating government grants received by the services and has no budgetary impact on Municipal funds.
(m) Welfare Projects Employee Entitlements	ongoing	This Reserve is fully funded from the operating government grants received by the services and has no budgetary impact on Municipal funds.
			This Reserve is required to cover any costs associated with clean-up & remediation works at contaminated sites within the district as enforced by the Contaminated
	HWRP Post Closure Management & Contaminated Sites	ongoing	Sites Act.
(0)	Municipal Elections	ongoing	This Reserve provides funding to cover election expenses during election years to smooth out annual budgetary impacts.
(m)	Port Coogee Special Maintenance - SAR	ongoing	This Reserve is used to manage funds raised through the specified area rate (SAR) for the Port Coogee development. These funds are required for the specialised maintenance requirements of the development.
(p)	Port Coogee Special Maintenance - SAR	ongoing	maintenance requirements or the development. This Reserve is used to manage funds raised through the specified area rate (SAR) for the Port Coogee development on land directly adjacent to the waterways. These
(g)	Port Coogee Waterways - SAR	ongoing	This reserve is used to manage funds raised infough the specified area rate (SAR) for the non-course development on rand uncury adjacent to the waterways. These funds are required for the maintenance of the waterways concording to the course and associated infrastructure.
	Community Surveillance	ongoing	This Reserve funds activities in relation to Community Surveillance.
	Waste Collection	ongoing	This reserve provides funding for future capital requirements related to the Waste Collection service.
	Family Day Care Accumulation Fund	ongoing	This Reserve is fully funded from the operating government grants received by the services and has no budgetary impact on Municipal funds.
.,,			This reserve is used to account for funds generated from the Community Infrastructure Development Contributions Scheme (DCP13) established under the City's Town
(u)	Community Infrastructure (DCA 13)	ongoing	Planning Scheme No. 3.
			Established for the purposes of the future removal of leasehold dwellings at Reserve 24308, Naval Base. All funds raised are to be accounted for on a property lease
(V)	Naval Base Shack Removal	uncertain	by lease basis, and not on who paid the actual payment at the time of the payment. Funds raised will be reimbursed to leaseholders when dwelling is removed and the
	F		This Reserve is used to manage funds required to undertake environmental rehabilitation of land associated with road construction as approved by the relevant
	Environmental Offset	ongoing	government agency.
	Bibra Lake Management Plan Restricted Grants & Contributions	ongoing	This Reserve is used to manage funding to implement the Bibra Lake Management Plan as adopted by Council. This Reserve is used to quarantine monies received for restricted purposes across financial years.
	CIHCF Building Maintenance	ongoing	rnis reserve is used to quarantine monies received tor restricted purposes across innarical years. This Reserve is used to manage funding for major building maintenance of the Cockburn Integrated Health and Community Facility (CIHCF).
	Cockburn ARC Building Maintenance	ongoing ongoing	This Reserve is used to manage funding for major building maintenance of the Cockburn megnate relation and community racing (cincr). This Reserve is used to manage funding for the major building maintenance of the Cockburn ARC recreation facility.
(I) (I)	Carry Forward Projects	ongoing	This reserve is used to manage funding to the major bunding maintenance of the Occodum Arko recreation racing. This reserve is used to manage municipal funding for incomplete projects carried forward to the following financial year.
(3)	Port Coogee Marina Assets Replacement	ongoing	This reserve provides for the replacement of marina infrastructure assets. Funding is provided from per fees to reflect estimated depreciation costs.
0	ton ooogoo Marina Nabata Napiacement	ongoing	This Reserve is used to manage the funds paid by the developer of the Port Cooge marina development in accordance with the Waterways Environmental
(~)	Port Coogee Waterways - WEMP	ongoing	Management Plan (WEMP). The funds will be used to maintain and manage the marina waterways.
			This Reserve is used to manage funds raised through the specified area rate (SAR) providing funding to ensure that the parks and public areas (including custom street
(□	Cockburn Coast SAR	ongoing	lighting) within the Cockburn Coast Development are maintained in accordance with the higher standards agreed to between the City and the Developer.
			This Reserve is used for the management of contributions and costs with respect to Development Contribution Areas as established by and in accordance with Town
(€)	Developer Contribution Plans	ongoing	Planning Scheme 3.
0	POS Posorijo		

(,) POS Reserve

5. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS	2021	2020
	\$	\$
(a) Current assets		
Financial assets at amortised cost	197,500,000	169,400,000
	197,500,000	169,400,000
Other financial assets at amortised cost		
Term deposits	197,500,000	169,400,000
	197,500,000	169,400,000
(b) Non-current assets		
Financial assets at amortised cost	941,521	951,228
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	147,614	142,442
	1,089,135	1,093,670
Financial assets at amortised cost		
Emerald Reverse Mortgage Securities	941,521	951,228
	941,521	951,228
Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss		
Units in Local Government House Trust	147,614	142,442
	147,614	142,442

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Other financial assets at amortised cost

The City classifies financial assets at amortised cost if both of the following criteria are met:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cashflows, and

- the contractual terms give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest.

Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss

The City classifies the following financial assets at fair value through profit and loss:

- debt investments which do not qualify for measurement at either amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income.

- equity investments which the City has not elected to recognise

fair value gains and losses through other comprehensive income.

Impairment and risk

Information regarding impairment and exposure to risk can be found at Note 31.

6. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Current		
Rates receivable	2,153,253	2,942,695
Trade and other receivables	4,538,533	3,342,043
GST receivable	78,901	1,355,815
	6,770,687	7,640,553
Non-current		
Pensioner's rates and ESL deferred	1,056,416	1,092,961
Accrued debtors	267,663	268,811
	1,324,079	1,361,772
SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES	SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING	POLICIES (Contin

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2021

Classification and subsequent measurement Receivables expected to be collected within 12 months of the end of the reporting period are classified as current assets. All other receivables are classified as non-current assets.

2020 \$

Trade receivables are held with the objective to collect the contractual cashflows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Due to the short term nature of current receivables, their carrying amount is considered to be the same as their fair value. Non-current receivables are indexed to inflation, any difference between the face value and fair value is considered immaterial.

ratepayers for unpaid rates and service charges and other amounts due from third parties for goods sold and

Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are recognised at original invoice amount less any allowances for uncollectible amounts (i.e. impairment). The carrying amount of net trade receivables is equivalent to fair value as it is due for settlement within 30 days.

Trade and other receivables include amounts due from

services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Impairment and risk exposure

Information about the impairment of trade receivables and their exposure to credit risk and interest rate risk can be found in Note 31.

7. INVENTORIES	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Current		
Fuel and materials	39,896	31,107
	39,896	31,107
The following movements in inventories occurred during the year:		
Balance at beginning of year	31,107	33,335
Additions/(reductions) to inventory	8,789	(2,228)
Balance at end of year	39,896	31,107
SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES		

General

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

8. OTHER ASSETS

	\$	\$
Other assets - current		
Prepayments	605,421	474,498
Accrued income	4,791,505	4,026,153
	5,396,926	4,500,651

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Other current assets

Other non-financial assets include prepayments which represent payments in advance of receipt of goods or services or that part of expenditure made in one accounting period covering a term extending beyond that period.

2021	2020			
\$	\$			
605,421	474,498			
4,791,505	4,026,153			
5,396,926	4,500,651			

Accrued income

Accured income represents income which has been earned by the City but which have not been invoiced or received at balance sheet date.

9. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(a) Movements in Balances

Movement in the balances of each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year.

	Land	Buildings - non- specialised	Total land and buildings	Furniture and equipment	Plant and equipment	Computer equipment	Total property, plant and equipment
Balance at 1 July 2019	\$ 82,952,040	\$ 233,613,717	\$ 316,565,757	<mark>\$</mark> 1,634,608	\$ 13,523,749	\$ 4,039,032	<mark>\$</mark> 335,763,146
Additions	176,697	5,127,930	5,304,627	36,110	4,211,685	1,575,899	11,128,321
(Disposals)	(158,000)	(259,197)	(417,197)	0	(1,012,820)	0	(1,430,017)
Revaluation increments / (decrements) transferred to revaluation surplus	0	(557,365)	(557,365)	0	0	0	(557,365)
Depreciation (expense) Balance at 30 June 2020	0 82,970,737	(6,453,057) 231,472,028	(6,453,057) 314,442,765	(361,264) 1,309,454	(3,284,696) 13,437,918	(1,483,406) 4,131,525	(11,582,423) 333,321,662
Comprises: Gross balance amount at 30 June 2020 Accumulated depreciation at 30 June 2020 Balance at 30 June 2020	82,970,737 0 82,970,737	316,362,349 (84,890,321) 231,472,028	399,333,086 (84,890,321) 314,442,765	3,556,888 (2,247,434) 1,309,454	23,915,413 (10,477,495) 13,437,918	8,543,865 (4,412,340) 4,131,525	435,349,252 (102,027,590) 333,321,662
Additions	280,000	14,264,988	14,544,988	0	3,774,304	1,189,229	19,508,521
(Disposals)	(383,662)	(362,880)	(746,542)	0	(624,936)	0	(1,371,478)
Revaluation increments / (decrements) transferred to revaluation surplus	2,242,125	(1,995,558)	246,567	0	0	0	246,567
Depreciation (expense)	0	(6,440,036)	(6,440,036)	(349,808)	(3,289,721)	(1,579,491)	(11,659,056)
Transfers Balance at 30 June 2021	0 85,109,200	(719,444) 236,219,098	(719,444) 321,328,298	0 959,646	0 13,297,565	0 3,741,263	(719,444) 339,326,772
Comprises: Gross balance amount at 30 June 2021 Accumulated depreciation at 30 June 2021 Balance at 30 June 2021	85,109,200 0 85,109,200	328,876,864 (92,657,766) 236,219,098	413,986,064 (92,657,766) 321,328,298	2,363,780 (1,404,134) 959,646	24,907,560 (11,609,995) 13,297,565	9,690,899 (5,949,636) 3,741,263	450,948,303 (111,621,531) 339,326,772

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CITY OF COCKBURN

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

9. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

(b) Carrying Value Measurements

Asset Class (i) Fair Value Land and buildings	Fair Value Hierarchy	Valuation Technique	Basis of Valuation	Date of Last Valuation	Inputs Used
Land	Level 2 and 3	Market Approach,Cost Approach using Current Replacement Cost	Independent Registered Valuer	June 2021	Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. Unobservable inputs shall be used to measure fair value to the extent that relevant observable inputs are not available, thereby allowing for situations in which there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability at the measurement date.
Buildings - non-specialised	Level 2 and 3	Market Approach,Cost Approach using Current Replacement Cost	Independent Registered Valuer	June 2021	Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. Unobservable inputs shall be used to measure fair value to the extent that relevant observable inputs are not available, thereby allowing for situations in which there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability at the measurement date.

(ii) Cost

Following a change to Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 17A, plant and equipment type assets (being plant and equipment and furniture and equipment) are to be measured under the cost model, rather than at fair value. This change was effective from 1 July 2019 and represented a change in accounting policy. Revaluations carried out previously were not reversed as it was deemed fair value approximated cost at the date of change.
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

10. INFRASTRUCTURE

(a) Movements in Balances

Movement in the balances of each class of infrastructure between the beginning and the end of the current financial year.

-	Infrastructure - roads ⊄	Other infrastructure - drainage	Other infrastructure - footpaths	Other infrastructure - parks equipment	Other infrastructure - landfill	Other infrastructure - marina	Other infrastructure - coastal	Total Infrastructure
Balance at 1 July 2019	429,249,487	215,592,798	60,255,356	61,839,916	20,560,705	12,223,049	29,935,895	829,657,206
Additions	18,338,198	3,428,722	2,826,503	10,702,906	363,062	485,284	425,159	36,569,834
Revaluation increments / (decrements) transferred to revaluation surplus	19,728,398	25,401,669	(978,880)	(14,198,853)	0	0	0	29,952,334
Depreciation (expense) Balance at 30 June 2020	(13,859,488) 453,456,595	(2,649,191) 241,773,998	(1,764,829) 60,338,150	(4,685,437) 53,658,532	(1,091,178) 19,832,589	(423,661) 12,284,672	(554,502) 29,806,552	(25,028,286) 871,151,088
Comprises: Gross balance at 30 June 2020 Accumulated depreciation at 30 June 2020 Balance at 30 June 2020	721,840,835 (268,384,240) 453,456,595	299,295,154 (57,521,156) 241,773,998	86,286,620 (25,948,470) 60,338,150	76,187,582 (22,529,050) 53,658,532	37,435,931 (17,603,342) 19,832,589	16,190,135 (3,905,463) 12,284,672	34,548,415 (4,741,863) 29,806,552	1,271,784,672 (400,633,584) 871,151,088
Additions	13,494,183	6,750,574	2,227,607	4,608,793	306,972	277,932	15,485	27,681,546
Revaluation increments / (decrements) transferred to revaluation surplus	0	0	0	0	(2,558,164)	0	24,566,155	22,007,991
Revaluation (loss) / reversals transferred to profit or loss						(6,476,864)		(6,476,864)
Depreciation (expense)	(12,384,835)	(2,988,755)	(1,774,262)	(4,197,319)	(1,054,445)	(517,558)	(1,679,053)	(24,596,227)
Transfers	2,668,450	0	0	3,384,225	0	0	(5,333,231)	719,444
Balance at 30 June 2021 Comprises:	457,234,393	245,535,817	60,791,495	57,454,231	16,526,952	5,568,182	47,375,908	890,486,978
Gross balance at 30 June 2021	738,739,252	306,045,728	88,514,227	85,796,375	48,680,902	8,827,367	53,103,903	1,329,707,754
Accumulated depreciation at 30 June 2021 Balance at 30 June 2021	(281,504,859) 457,234,393	(60,509,911) 245,535,817	(27,722,732) 60,791,495	(28,342,144) 57,454,231	(32,153,950) 16,526,952	(3,259,185) 5,568,182	(5,727,995) 47,375,908	(439,220,776) 890,486,978

10. INFRASTRUCTURE (Continued)

(b) Carrying Value Measurements

Asset Class	Fair Value Hierarchy	Valuation Technique	Basis of Valuation	Date of Last Valuation	Inputs Used
(i) Fair Value Infrastructure - roads	3	Cost Approach Using Current Replacement Cost	Management Valuation	June 2020	Estimates of residual value, useful life, pattern of consumption and asset condition and relationship to the assessed level of remaining service potential of the depreciable amount
Other infrastructure - drainage	3	Cost Approach Using Current Replacement Cost	Management Valuation	June 2020	Estimates of residual value, useful life, pattern of consumption and asset condition and relationship to the assessed level of remaining service potential of the depreciable amount
Other infrastructure - footpaths	3	Cost Approach Using Current Replacement Cost	Management Valuation	June 2020	Estimates of residual value, useful life, pattern of consumption and asset condition and relationship to the assessed level of remaining service potential of the depreciable amount
Other infrastructure - parks equipment	3	Cost Approach Using Current Replacement Cost	Management Valuation	June 2020	Estimates of residual value, useful life, pattern of consumption and asset condition and relationship to the assessed level of remaining service potential of the depreciable amount
Other infrastructure - landfill	3	Cost Approach Using Current Replacement Cost	Independent Registered Valuer	June 2021	Estimates of residual value, useful life, pattern of consumption and asset condition and relationship to the assessed level of remaining service potential of the depreciable amount
Other infrastructure - marina	3	Cost Approach Using Current Replacement Cost	Independent Registered Valuer	June 2021	Estimates of residual value, useful life, pattern of consumption and asset condition and relationship to the assessed level of remaining service potential of the depreciable amount
Other infrastructure - coastal	3	Market Approach Cost Approach Using Current Replacement Cost	Independent Registered Valuer	June 2021	Estimates of residual value, useful life, pattern of consumption and asset condition and relationship to the assessed level of remaining service potential of the depreciable amount

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11. FIXED ASSETS

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES Fixed assets

Each class of fixed assets within either plant and equipment or infrastructure, is carried at cost or fair value as indicated less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Initial recognition and measurement between mandatory revaluation dates

Assets for which the fair value as at the date of acquisition is under \$5,000 are not recognised as an asset in accordance with *Financial Management Regulation 17A (5). These assets are* expensed immediately

Where multiple individual low value assets are purchased together as part of a larger asset or collectively forming a larger asset exceeding the threshold, the individual assets are recognised as one asset and capitalised.

In relation to this initial measurement, cost is determined as the fair value of the assets given as consideration plus costs incidental to the acquisition. For assets acquired at zero cost or otherwise significantly less than fair value, cost is determined as fair value at the date of acquisition. The cost of non-current assets constructed by the City includes the cost of all materials used in construction, direct labour on the project and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overheads.

Individual assets that are land, buildings, infrastructure and investment properties acquired between initial recognition and the next revaluation of the asset class in accordance with the mandatory measurement framework, are recognised at cost and disclosed as being at fair value as management believes cost approximates fair value. They are subject to subsequent revaluation at the next anniversary date in accordance with the mandatory measurement framework.

Revaluation

The fair value of land, buildings, infrastructure and investment properties is determined at least every five years in accordance with the regulatory framework. This includes buildings and infrastructure items which were pre-existing improvements (i.e. vested improvements) on vested land acquired by the City.

AUSTRALIAN ACCOUNTING STANDARDS - INCONSISTENCY Revaluation (Continued)

At the end of each period the valuation is reviewed and where appropriate the fair value is updated to reflect current market conditions. This process is considered to be in accordance with *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 17A (2)* which requires land, buildings, infrastructure, investment properties and vested improvements to be shown at fair value.

Increases in the carrying amount arising on revaluation of assets are credited to a revaluation surplus in equity. Decreases that offset previous increases of the same class of asset are recognised against revaluation surplus directly in equity. All other decreases are recognised in profit or loss.

Land under roads from 1 July 2019

As a result of amendments to the *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996*, effective from 1 July 2019, vested land, including land under roads, is treated as right-of-use assets measured at zero cost. Therefore, the previous inconsistency with AASB 1051 in respect of non-recognition of land under roads acquired on or after 1 July 2008 has been removed, even though measurement at zero cost means that land under roads is still not included in the statement of financial position.

Vested improvements from 1 July 2019

The measurement of vested improvements at fair value in accordance with *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 17A(2)(iv)* is a departure from AASB 16 which would have required the City to measure the vested improvements as part of the related right-of-use assets at zero cost.

Refer to Note 12 that details the significant accounting policies applying to leases (including right-of-use assets).

11. FIXED ASSETS

(a) Disposals of Assets

	2021	2021	2021	2021	2021 Revised	2021 Revised	2021 Revised	2021 Revised	2020	2020	2020	2020
	Actual Net Book	Actual Sale	Actual	Actual	Budget Net Book	Budget Sale	Budget	Budget	Actual Net Book	Actual Sale	Actual	Actual
	Value	Proceeds	Profit	Loss	Value	Proceeds	Profit	Loss	Value	Proceeds	Profit	Loss
	S	S	\$	\$	\$	S	\$	\$	\$	\$	S	S
Land - freehold land	383,662	483,147	99,485	0	4,800,000	5,300,000	500,000	0	158,000	1,376,364	1,218,364	0
Buildings - non-specialised	362,880	0	0	(362,880)					259,197	0	0	(259,197)
Plant and equipment	624,936	1,029,811	404,875	Ó	953,844	1,535,069	581,225	0	1,012,820	1,317,588	304,768	0
	1,371,478	1,512,958	504,360	(362,880)	5,753,844	6,835,069	1,081,225	0	1,430,017	2,693,952	1,523,132	(259,197)

The following assets were disposed of during the year.

	2021	2021		
	Actual	Actual	2021	2021
	Net Book	Sale	Actual	Actual
Plant and Equipment	Value	Proceeds	Profit	Loss
Transport				
	310,630	584,532	273,902	0
Other property and services				
	314,306	445,279	130,973	0
	624,936	1,029,811	404,875	0
Land				
Other Property and Services				
	383,662	483,147	99,485	0
	383,662	483,147	99,485	0
Buildings - non-specialised Recreation and culture				
	362.880	0	0	(362,880)
	362,880	0	0	(362,880)
			-	(,)
	1,371,478	1,512,958	504,360	(362,880)

11. FIXED ASSETS

(b) Depreciation	2021	2021 Revised	2020
	Actual	Budget	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Buildings - non-specialised	6,440,036	6,630,780	6,453,057
Furniture and equipment	349,808	355,008	361,264
Plant and equipment	3,289,721	3,209,478	3,284,696
Computer equipment	1,579,491	1,591,308	1,483,406
Infrastructure - roads	12,384,835	12,189,504	13,859,488
Other infrastructure - drainage	2,988,755	2,728,560	2,649,191
Other infrastructure - footpaths	1,774,262	1,817,460	1,764,829
Other infrastructure - parks equipment	4,197,319	4,662,444	4,685,437
Other infrastructure - landfill	1,054,445	1,145,724	1,091,178
Other infrastructure - marina	517,558	538,044	423,661
Other infrastructure - coastal	1,679,053	537,816	554,502
Right-of-use assets - plant and equipment	379,943	235,008	526,835
Intangible assets - rehabilitation costs	1,933,465	0	3,635,252
-	38,568,690	35,641,134	40,772,796

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets including buildings but excluding freehold land and vested land, are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the individual asset's useful life from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the improvements.

The assets residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains and losses are included in the statement of comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

Depreciation rates

Typical estimated useful lives for the different asset classes for the current and prior years are included in the table below: Depreciation on revaluation

When an item of property, plant and equipment is revalued, any accumulated depreciation at the date of the revaluation is treated in one of the following ways: (a) The gross carrying amount is adjusted in a manner that is consistent with the revaluation of the carrying amount of the asset. For example, the gross carrying amount may be restated by reference to observable market data or it may be restated proportionately to the change in the carrying amount. The accumulated depreciation at the date of the revaluation is adjusted to equal the difference between the gross carrying amount and the carrying amount of the asset after taking into account accumulated impairment losses; or

(b) Eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the net amount restated to the revalued amount of the asset.

Amortisation

All intangible assets with a finite useful life, are amortised on a straight-line basis over the individual asset's useful life from the time the asset is held for use.

The residual value of intangible assets is considered to be zero and the useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each financial year.

Amortisation is included within Depreciation on non-current assets in the Statement of Comprehensive Income and in the note above.

Total

2020

Actual

1,132,354

103,468

(526, 835)

708,987

(18,681)

(379,943)

310,363

(14,522) (469,799)

(484,321)

(484,321)

CITY OF COCKBURN NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

12. LEASES

(a) Right-of-Use Assets

Movement in the balance of each class of right-of-use asset between the beginning and the end of the current financial year.

Balance at 1 July 2019AdditionsDepreciation (expense)Balance at 30 June 2020RemeasurementDepreciation (expense)Balance at 30 June 2021

The following amounts were recognised in the statement of comprehensive income during the period in respect of leases where the entity is the lessee:

Interest expense on lease liabilities
Lease principal payment
Total amount recognised in the statement of comprehensive income

Total cash outflow from leases

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Leases

At inception of a contract, the City assesses if the contract contains or is a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

At the commencement date, a right-of-use asset is recognised at cost and lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the City uses its incremental borrowing rate.

All contracts that are classified as short-term leases (i.e. a lease with a remaining term of 12 months or less) and leases of low value assets are recognised as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Leases for right-of-use assets are secured over the asset being leased.

Right-of-use assets - valuation

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost. This means that all right-of-use assets (other than vested improvements) under zero cost concessionary leases are measured at zero cost (i.e. not included in the statement of financial position). The exception is vested improvements on concessionary land leases such as roads, buildings or other infrastructure which are reported at fair value.

Right-of-use assets - Right-of-use assets

1,132,354

(526, 835)

708,987

(18,681)

310,363

(7, 321)

(413,420) (420,741)

(420,741)

(379.943)

103,468

plant and equipment

s

2021

Actual

\$

Refer to Note 11 for details on the significant accounting policies applying to vested improvements.

Right-of-use assets - depreciation

Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the lease term or useful life of the underlying asset, whichever is the shortest. Where a lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset, or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the City anticipates to exercise a purchase option, the specific asset is amortised over the useful life of the underlying asset.

13. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

(a) Rehabilitation Assets

Non-current

Rehabilitation asset Less: accumulated depreciation

Movements in carrying amounts of waste landfill assets during the financial year are shown as follows:

Carrying amount at 1 July

Recognition of rehabilitation asset Amortisation expense Carrying amount at 30 June TOTAL INTANGIBLE ASSETS

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Rehabilitation assets

The City complies with the full provision method for accounting provisions in respect of restoration, rehabilitation and site monitoring costs. Charges are made to expenses based on the estimated costs of restoring, rehabilitating and monitoring the landfill site. The rate charge is reviewed annually and is based on an estimated cost per tonne. The cost per tonne is arrived at after taking into account a standard engineering cost per cubic metre of landfill, the density of the waste and the most recent aerial surveys. Engineering rates differ according to the nature of the obligation to provide the service. The provision is recorded at the net present value of expected future costs discounted using the applicable government bond

2021	2020
Actual	Actual
\$	\$
35,866,621	35,559,444
(16,856,222)	(14,922,757)
19,010,399	20,636,687

20,636,687	25,370,319
307,177	(1,098,378)
(1,933,465)	(3,635,252)
19,010,399	20,636,687
19,010,399	20,636,687

rates.

The liability for estimated future capping expenditure is provided for through a rehabiliation provision on a phase-by-phase basis and is discounted to its present value, with the inwinding of the discount being charged to the statement of comprehensive income within the amortisation charge. The discounted present value of the future capping expenditure is also capitalised as part of the rehabilitation asset and is amortised on a straight-line basis. Changes in estimates are recognised propectively with corresponding adjustments to the provision and associated costs.

14. REVALUATION SURPLUS

	2021	2021	2021	Total	2021	2020	2020	2020	Total	2020
	Opening	Revaluation	Revaluation	Movement on	Closing	Opening	Revaluation	Revaluation	Movement on	Closing
	Balance	Increment	(Decrement)	Revaluation	Balance	Balance	Increment	(Decrement)	Revaluation	Balance
	S	S	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revaluation surplus - Land - freehold land	107,394,794	2,242,125	0	2,242,125	109,636,919	107,394,794	0	0	0	107,394,794
Revaluation surplus - Buildings - non-specialised	22,304,288	0	(1,995,558)	(1,995,558)	20,308,730	22,861,653	0	(557,365)	(557,365)	22,304,288
Revaluation surplus - Infrastructure - roads	242,583,514	0	0	0	242,583,514	222,855,116	19,728,398	0	19,728,398	242,583,514
Revaluation surplus - Other infrastructure - drainage	180,649,687	0	0	0	180,649,687	155,248,018	25,401,669	0	25,401,669	180,649,687
Revaluation surplus - Other infrastructure - footpaths	44,505,093	0	0	0	44,505,093	45,483,973	0	(978,880)	(978,880)	44,505,093
Revaluation surplus - Other infrastructure - parks equipment	8,253,626	0	0	0	8,253,626	22,452,479	0	(14,198,853)	(14,198,853)	8,253,626
Revaluation surplus - Other infrastructure - landfill	2,598,696	0	(2,558,164)	(2,558,164)	40,532	2,598,696	0	0	0	2,598,696
Revaluation surplus - Other infrastructure - coastal	0	24,566,155	0	24,566,155	24,566,155	0	0	0	0	0
	608,289,698	26,808,280	(4,553,722)	22,254,558	630,544,256	578,894,729	45,130,067	(15,735,098)	29,394,970	608,289,698

15. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

		\$	\$
(a) Current			
Sundry cre	ditors	11,078,563	9,571,568
Prepaid rat	es	2,071,781	1,994,546
ATO liabilit	es	0	220,797
Bonds and	deposits held	3,709,844	3,133,085
Other prepa	aid income	333,972	431,662
		17,194,160	15,351,658
(b) Non-Curre	nt		
Non-Currer	it Sundry Deposits & Bonds	2,010,562	884,565
		2,010,562	884,565

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the City prior to the end of the financial year that are unpaid and arise when the City becomes obliged to make future payments in respect of the purchase of these goods and services. The amounts are unsecured, are recognised as a current liability and are normally paid within 30 days of recognition

Prepaid rates

2021

Prepaid rates are, until the taxable event has occurred (start of the next financial year), refundable at the request of the ratepayer. Rates received in advance are initially recognised as a financial liability. When the taxable event occurs, the financial liability is extinguished and the City recognises revenue for the prepaid rates that have not been refunded.

2020

16. OTHER LIABILITIES

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Current		
Contract liabilities	6,552,672	713,380
	6,552,672	713,380
Non-current		
Liabilities under transfers to acquire or construct non-financial		
assets to be controlled by the entity	18,059,084	15,527,154
Public Open Space payments	5,419,364	0
	23,478,448	15,527,154
	30,031,120	16,240,534
	, ,	,

Performance obligations for each type of liability are expected to be recognised as revenue in accordance with the following time bands:

time bands:	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Less than 1 year	6,552,672	713,380
1 to 2 years	5,531,120	147,525
2 to 3 years	10,000,000	1,500,000
3 to 4 years	1,500,000	4,000,000
4 to 5 years	3,000,000	5,000,000
> 5 years	3,447,328	4,879,629
	30,031,120	16,240,534

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES Contract liabilities

Contract liabilities represent the the City's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the City has received consideration from the customer.

With respect to transfers for recognisable non-financial assets, contract liabilities represent performance obligations which are not yet satisfied.

Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the performance obligations in the contract are satisfied.

Liabilities under transfers to acquire or construct non-financial assets to be controlled by the entity Grant liabilities represent the the City's performance obligations to construct recognisable non-financial assets to identified specifications which are yet to be satisfied.

Grant liabilities are recognised as revenue when the performance obligations in the contract are satisfied.

Public Open Space (POS)

All POS cash in lieu contributions received are placed in a reserve account for a specific purpose in accordance with section 154 of the Planning & Development Act 2005. The City recognises a non-current liability for all POS contributions not yet applied to the purpose they were received. The POS liabilities are recognised as revenue when the performance obligations in the contract are satisfied.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

17. LEASE LIABILITIES

2021	2020
\$	\$
218,182	421,881
115,739	344,141
333,921	766,022
	\$ 218,182 115,739

(b) Movements in Carrying Amounts

						30 June 2021	30 June 2021	30 June 2021	30 June 2021		30 June 2020	30 June 2020	30 June 2020	30 June 2020
			Lease		Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual
	Lease		Interest	Lease	Lease Principal	Remeasurement	Lease Principal	Lease Principal	Lease Interest	Lease Principal	New	Lease Principal	Lease Principal	Lease Interest
Purpose	Number	Institution	Rate	Term	1 July 2020	Remousurement	Repayments	Outstanding	Repayments	1 July 2019	Leases	Repayments	Outstanding	Repayments
Turpose	Humber	institution	Rute	Term	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	s	Ś	Ś	S	\$	S	\$	\$	S
Governance														
Cisco Network Switches	E6N0162330	Maia Financial Pl	1.49%	45 Months	107,969	0	(38,751)	69.218	(1.345)	136.222	0	(28.253)	107.969	(1.819)
Unified Communications System	E6N0160636	Maia Financial Pl	1.45%	33 Months	74,605	0	(42,399)	32,206	(802)	105.698	0	(31.093)	74,605	(1,307)
Rack Mount Servers (5)	E6N0159693	Maia Financial Pl	1.40%	18 Months	9,993	0	(9,993)	0	(41)	24,800	0	(14,807)	9,993	(244)
VDI Servers (6)	E6N0159752	Maia Financial Pl	1.40%	18 Months	21,491	0	(21,491)	0	(88)	53,335	0	(31,844)	21,491	(524)
SAN Equipment (2)	E6N0160532	Maia Financial Pl	1.40%	18 Months	52,003	0	(52,003)	0	(213)	129,058	0	(77,055)	52,003	(1,268)
Pure Storage Shelf x 2	E6N0162620	Maia Financial Pl	1.40%	18 Months	38,827	0	(38,827)	0	(158)	0	103,468	(64,640)	38,828	(986)
Wifi Equipment	E6N0159943	Maia Financial Pl	1.40%	21 Months	13,479	0	(13,479)	0	(79)	37,391	0	(23,913)	13,478	(342)
Firewall Equipment	E6N0159959	Maia Financial Pl	1.40%	21 Months	4,137	0	(4,137)	0	(24)	11,116	0	(6,979)	4,137	(103)
LAN Equipment	E6N0159960	Maia Financial Pl	1.40%	21 Months	18,650	0	(18,650)	0	(109)	42,413	0	(23,763)	18,650	(427)
LAN Equipment	E6N0160277	Maia Financial Pl	1.40%	15 Months	7,047	0	(7,047)	0	(16)	27,991	0	(20,944)	7,047	(245)
Multi Functional Devices (MFD's) -	47 E6N0162022	Maia Financial Pl	1.49%	48 Months	76,553	0	(25,139)	51,414	(969)	94,858	0	(18,305)	76,553	(1,277)
Law, order, public safety														
Multi Functional Devices (MFD's) -	47 E6N0162022	2 Maia Financial Pl	1.49%	48 Months	2,823	0	(927)	1,896	(36)	3,499	0	(675)	2,824	(47)
Education and welfare														
Multi Functional Devices (MFD's) -	1 E6N0162166	Maia Financial Pl	1.49%	48 Months	4,085	0	(1,342)	2,743		5,062	0	(977)	4,085	(68)
Hyundai I30 Lease	6244197	Easifleet Manage	1.45%	31 Months	6,290	0	(3,956)	2,334		11,998	0	(5,708)	6,290	(134)
Multi Functional Devices (MFD's) -	47 E6N0162022	Maia Financial Pl	1.49%	48 Months	21,161	0	(6,949)	14,212	(268)	26,221	0	(5,060)	21,161	(353)
Community amenities														
Ford Ranger Vehicle Dual Cab Tra		Easifleet Manage	1.40%	21 Months	7,093	0	(7,093)	0	(41)	16,577	0	(9,485)	7,092	(170)
Multi Functional Devices (MFD's) -	47 E6N0162022	Maia Financial Pl	1.49%	48 Months	4,832	0	(1,587)	3,245	(61)	5,987	0	(1,155)	4,832	(81)
Recreation and culture														
Health Club Equipment - Pin Loade			1.45%	33 Months	34,869	0	(19,817)	15,052		49,402	0	(14,532)	34,870	(611)
Multi Functional Devices (MFD's) -	47 E6N0162022	2 Maia Financial Pl	1.49%	48 Months	39,082	0	(12,834)	26,248	(495)	48,427	0	(9,345)	39,082	(652)
Other property and services														
ALC Baltic Laminator	E6N0162078	3 Maia Financial Pl	1.43%	27 Months	4,306	(1,689)	(2,617)	0	9	6,834	0	(2,528)	4,306	(80)
Shark Barrier		Eco Shark Barrie	1.47%	41 Months	211,181	(16,992)	(78,835)	115,354		281,698	0	(70,518)	211,180	(3,649)
Signage Printer & Cutter	E6N0160864	Maia Financial Pl	1.40%	18 Months	5,547	0	(5,547)	0	(23)	13,767	0	(8,220)	5,547	(135)
					766,023	(18,681)	(413,420)	333,921	(7,321)	1,132,354	103,468	(469,799)	766,023	(14,522)

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

18. INFORMATION ON BORROWINGS

(a) Borrowings	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Current	4,020,624	3,226,983
Non-current	11,445,281	16,171,527
	15,465,905	19,398,510

(b) Repayments - Borrowings

					30 June 2021	30 June 2021	30 June 2021	30 June 2021	Revised	30 June 2021 Revised	30 June 2021 Revised	30 June 2021 Revised			30 June 2020	30 June 2020	30 June 2020
				Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual
	Loan		Interest	Principal	Principal	Principal	Interest	Principal	Principal	Principal	Interest	Principal	Principal	Principal	Principal	Interest	Principal
	Number	Institution	Rate	1 July 2020	repayments	adjustments	repayments	outstanding	1 July 2020	repayments	repayments	outstanding	1 July 2019	adjustments	repayments	repayments	outstanding
Particulars				\$	\$		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		\$	\$	\$
Community amenities Portion of SMRC borrowings for RRRC waste recycling project repayable by the City Recreation and culture To assist fund the Cockburn ARC		WATC	various	4,398,510	(1,469,288)	36,683	(162,821)	2,965,905	3,293,463	(1.400.000)	(170.000)	1,893,463	6,433,583	(630,030)	(1.405,043)	(222,859)	4,398,510
recreation facility	8	WATC	2.96%	15,000,000	(2,500,000)	0	(526,017)	12,500,000	15,000,000	(2,500,000)	(526,000)	12,500,000	17,500,000	0	(======================================	(617,805)	15,000,000
				19,398,510	(3,969,288)	36,683	(688,838)		18,293,463	(3,900,000)	(696,000)	14,393,463	23,933,583	(630,030)	(3,905,043)	(840,664)	19,398,510
				19,398,510	(3,969,288)	36,683	(688,838)	15,465,905	18,293,463	(3,900,000)	(696,000)	14,393,463	23,933,583	(630,030)	(3,905,043)	(840,664)	19,398,510

* WA Treasury Corporation

18. INFORMATION ON BORROWINGS (Continued)

(c) New Borrowings - 2020/21

(

(-,					Amount E	Amount Borrowed		Amount (Used)		Actual
		Loan	Term	Interest	2021	2021	2021	2021	Total Interest &	Balance
	Institution	Туре	Years	Rate	Actual	Budget	Actual	Budget	Charges	Unspent
Particulars/Purpose				%	\$	s	\$	\$	s	S
To assist fund the stage 2 of										
Marina infrastructure expansion	WATC	P & I	TBA	TBA	0	5,277,400	0	0	0	0
* WA Treasury Corporation					0	5,277,400	0	0	0	0
		2021	2020							
(d) Undrawn Borrowing Facilities		\$	\$							
Credit Standby Arrangements										
Credit card limit		300,000	300,000							
Credit card balance at balance dat	le	(83,067)	(78,747)							
Total amount of credit unused		216,933	221,253							
La contra dilutta a										
Loan facilities		4 000 004	2 226 002							
Loan facilities - current		4,020,624	3,226,983							
Loan facilities - non-current		11,445,281	16,171,527							
Total facilities in use at balance	date	15,465,905	19,398,510							
Unused loan facilities at balance	e date	NIL	NIL							
SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PO	LICIES									
Financial liabilities				Borrowing						
Financial liabilities are recognised	at fair value	when the City	becomes	Borrowing c	osts are recog	inised as an ex	pense when	incurred exc	ept	

Financial liabilities are recognised at fair value when the City become a party to the contractual provisions to the instrument.

Non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees) are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are derecognised where the related obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the fair value of the consideration paid, including the transfer of non-cash assets or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss. Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense when incurred except where they are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset. Where this is the case, they are capitalised as part of the cost of the particular asset until such time as the asset is substantially ready for its intended use or sale.

Risk

Information regarding exposure to risk can be found at Note 31.

19. EMPLOYEE RELATED PROVISIONS

(a) Employee Related Provisions

	Annual	Long Service	
	Leave	Leave	Total
	\$	\$	\$
Opening balance at 1 July 2020			
Current provisions	4,809,588	3,144,114	7,953,702
Non-current provisions	0	2,093,180	2,093,180
	4,809,588	5,237,294	10,046,882
Additional provision	68,635,094	84,873,028	153,508,122
Amounts used	(68,366,109)	(84,207,230)	(152,573,339)
Balance at 30 June 2021	5,078,573	5,903,092	10,981,665
Comprises			
Current	5,078,573	4,421,100	9,499,673
Non-current	0	1,481,992	1,481,992
	5,078,573	5,903,092	10,981,665
		. ,	. ,

Amounts are expected to be settled on the following basis:

Less than 12 months after the reporting date More than 12 months from reporting date

\$	\$
9,499,673	7,953,702
1,481,992	2,093,180
10,981,665	10,046,882

2021

Provision for

Provision for

2020

Timing of the payment of current leave liabilities is difficult to determine as it is dependent on future decisions of employees. Expected settlement timings are based on information obtained from employees and historical leave trends and assumes no events will occur to impact on these historical trends.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Employee benefits

The City's obligations for employees' annual leave and long service leave entitlements are recognised as provisions in the statement of financial position.

Short-term employee benefits

Provision is made for the City's obligations for short-term employee benefits. Short-term employee benefits are benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service, including wages, salaries and sick leave. Short-term employee benefits are measured at the (undiscounted) amounts expected to be paid when the obligation is settled.

The City's obligations for short-term employee benefits such as wages, salaries and sick leave are recognised as a part of current trade and other payables in the statement of financial position.

Other long-term employee benefits

Long-term employee benefits are measured at the present value of the expected future payments to be made to employees. Expected future payments incorporate anticipated future wage and salary levels, durations of service and employee departures and are discounted at Other long-term employee benefits (Continued) rates determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have maturity dates that approximate the terms of the obligations. Any remeasurements for changes in assumptions of obligations for other long-term employee benefits are recognised in profit or loss in the periods in which the changes occur.

The City's obligations for long-term employee benefits are presented as non-current provisions in its statement of financial position, except where the City does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period, in which case the obligations are presented as current provisions.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the City has a present legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured.

Provisions are measured using the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period.

20. OTHER PROVISIONS

	Provision for remediation costs	Total
	\$	\$
Opening balance at 1 July 2020		
Current provisions	800,000	800,000
Non-current provisions	31,583,854	31,583,854
	32,383,854	32,383,854
Provision utilised	(321,426)	(321,426)
Balance at 30 June 2021	32,062,428	32,062,428
Comprises		
Non-current	32,062,428	32,062,428
	32,062,428	32,062,428

Provision for remediation costs

Under the licence for the operation of the Henderson Waste Recovery Park, the City has a legal obligation to restore the site.

A provision for remediation is recognised when:

- there is a present obligation as a result of waste activities undertaken;

- it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and

- the amount of the provision can be measured reliably.

The estimated future obligations include the costs of restoring the affected areas and continued monitoring of the site.

The provision for future remediation costs is the best estimate of the present value of the expenditure required to settle the remediation obligation at the reporting date. Future remediation costs are reviewed annually and any changes in the estimate are reflected in the present value of the remediation provision at each reporting date.

Amounts which are expected to be paid out within 12 months of the reporting date are classified as current. Exact timing of payment of non-current obligations is unable to be reliably estimated as it is dependent on the remaining life of the waste facility.

21. NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Reconciliation of Cash

For the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash includes cash and cash equivalents, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Cash at the end of the reporting period is reconciled to the related items in the Statement of Financial Position as follows:

	2021 Actual	2021 Budget	2020 Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents	4,606,858	8,249,860	5,133,910
Reconciliation of Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities to Net Result			
Net result	15,619,714	9,719,749	23,261,647
Non-cash flows in Net result: Adjustments to fair value of financial assets at fair			
value through profit and loss	(5,172)	0	(2,305)
Adjusted share former associates loan liabilities	0	0	(630,030)
Depreciation on non-current assets	38,568,690	35,641,134	40,772,796
(Profit)/loss on sale of asset	(141,480)	117,744	(1,263,935)
Impairment of Investment in Associate	0	0	675,004
Population adjustment to long term borrowings	36,683	0	0
Loss on revaluation of fixed assets	6,476,864	0	0
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
(Increase)/decrease in receivables	907,559	0	(331,966)
(Increase)/decrease in other assets	(896,275)	0	(831,899)
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	(8,789)	0	2,228
Increase/(decrease) in payables	1,265,743	355,700	2,937,374
Increase/(decrease) in employee provisions	934,783	0	(2,346,431)
Increase/(decrease) in other provisions	(628,603)	0	0
Increase/(decrease) in other liabilities	5,839,290	0	(1,444,907)
Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions	(21,254,356)	(9,339,600)	(25,604,896)
Net cash from operating activities	46,714,652	36,494,727	35,192,681

22. TOTAL ASSETS CLASSIFIED BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY

	2021	2020
	\$	\$
Governance	35,674,338	60,702,649
General purpose funding	206,405,663	59,904,395
Law, order, public safety	714,829	1,368,088
Health	978,316	735,495
Education and welfare	1,240,200	3,351,011
Community amenities	8,143,493	53,577,141
Recreation and culture	121,762,433	119,858,925
Transport	732,518,366	740,070,676
Economic services	264,100	2,030,994
Other property and services	358,160,355	373,380,713
	1,465,862,093	1,414,980,087

23. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Council resolved to acquire land from landowners abutting Jandakot Road to widen Jandakot Road. Eight of the landowners objected to the acquisition of the land and have progressed a claim for compensation against the City which totals and estimated \$22mil. The land is being compulsorily acquired and the road widening is currently being constructed. It is likely the claim will be resolved via a court case, but this has not progressed as yet. The City has made offers to the eight landowners equal to the amount of compensation in accordance with the City's Valuer advice. A total of \$1,528,429 has been made to the eight landowners subsequent to year end.

24. CAPITAL AND LEASING COMMITMENTS	2021	2020
(a) Capital Expenditure Commitments	\$	\$
Contracted for:		
 capital expenditure projects 	26,829,616	10,383,413
 Smart LED street lighting 	10,730,919	0
 land acquisition - Cockburn Coast Oval 	9,308,277	9,433,304
 plant & equipment purchases 	1,055,256	1,124,349
	47,924,068	20,941,066
Payable:		
- not later than one year	35,125,146	11,507,762
- later than one year but not later than five years	12,798,922	0
- later than five years	0	9,433,304
	47,924,068	20,941,066

(b) Operating Lease Commitments

Non-cancellable operating leases contracted for but not capitalised in the accounts (short term and low value leases).

Payable:

- not later than one year
- later than one year but not later than five years
- later than five years

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES Leases

Leases of fixed assets where substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to the ownership of the asset, but not legal ownership, are transferred to the City, are classified as finance leases.

Finance leases are capitalised recording an asset and a liability at the lower of the fair value of the leased property or the present value of the minimum lease payments, including any guaranteed residual values. Lease payments are allocated between the reduction of the lease liability and the lease interest expense for the period.

2021	2020
\$	\$
0	35,968
0	0
0	0
0	35,968

Leases (Continued)

Leased assets are depreciated on a straight line basis over the shorter of their estimated useful lives or the lease term.

Lease incentives under operating leases are recognised as a liability and amortised on a straight line basis over the life of the lease term.

25. ELECTED MEMBERS REMUNERATION

5. ELECTED MEMBERS REMUNERATION		
	2021	2020
	Actual	Actual
Mayor Logan Howlett	\$	\$
Mayor's annual allowance	89,753	89,753
Meeting attendance fees	47,516	50,156
Other expenses	144	418
Annual allowance for ICT expenses	3,500	3,500
Milage expenses	110.010	67
	140,913	143,894
Deputy Mayor Clr Lara Kirkwood	00,100	17.011
Deputy Mayor's annual allowance	22,438	17,311
Meeting attendance fees	31,678	31,678
Other expenses	143	0.500
Annual allowance for ICT expenses	3,500	3,500
Milage expenses	1,107	1,371
	58,866	53,860
CIr Lee-Anne Smith		5 107
Deputy Mayor's annual allowance	04.070	5,127
Meeting attendance fees	31,678	31,308
Other expenses		542
Annual allowance for ICT expenses	3,500	3,500
	35,178	40,477
Clr Philip Eva	04.070	04.070
Meeting attendance fees	31,678	31,678
Other expenses		745
Annual allowance for ICT expenses	3,500	3,500
	35,178	35,923
Clr Chamonix Terblanche	04.070	04.070
Meeting attendance fees	31,678	31,678
Child care expenses	6,944	500
Other expenses	0.500	536
Annual allowance for ICT expenses	3,500	3,500
Milage expenses	2,329	641
Ole Keyle Allen	44,451	36,355
Clr Kevin Allen	04.070	04.070
Meeting attendance fees	31,678	31,678
Annual allowance for ICT expenses	3,500	3,500
Milage expenses	489	34
Cir Michael Songrovich	35,667	35,212
Clr Michael Separovich	21 679	21 679
Meeting attendance fees Annual allowance for ICT expenses	31,678	31,678
Annual allowance for fCT expenses	3,500	3,500 35,178
Cir Chantalla Sanda	35,178	55,176
Clr Chontelle Sands Meeting attendance fees	31,678	31,678
-		
Annual allowance for ICT expenses	3,500 35,178	3,500 35,178
Clr Phoebe Corke	35,178	55,178
Meeting attendance fees	24 679	22,160
0	31,678	22,100
Other expenses	25 3 500	2 500
Annual allowance for ICT expenses	3,500	3,500

25. ELECTED MEMBERS REMUNERATION

). ELECTED MEMBERS REMUNERATION		
	2021	2020
	Actual	Actual
	\$	\$
Milage expenses	1,393	816
	36,596	26,476
Clr Tom Widenbar		
Meeting attendance fees	31,678	22,160
Child care expenses	5,621	64
Other expenses	224	63
Annual allowance for ICT expenses	3,500	3,500
Milage expenses	994	357
	42,017	26,144
Cir Carol Reeve-Fowkes		
Meeting attendance fees	0	6,929
Other expenses		545
Milage expenses	0	642
	0	8,116
Clr Stephen Pratt		
Meeting attendance fees	0	9,568
	0	9,568
	499,220	486,382
Fees, expenses and allowances to be paid or		
reimbursed to elected council members.		
Mayor's allowance	89,753	89,753
Deputy Mayor's allowance	22,438	22,438
Meeting attendance fees	332,618	332,349
Child care expenses	12,565	64
Other expenses	536	2,849
Annual allowance for ICT expenses	35,000	35,000
Travel and accommodation expenses	6,311	3,928
	499,220	486,382

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26. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Key Management Personnel (KMP) Compensation Disclosure

	2021	2020
The total of remuneration paid to KMP of the	Actual	Actual
City during the year are as follows:	\$	\$
Short-term employee benefits	1,502,817	1,632,358
Post-employment benefits	150,165	169,127
Other long-term benefits	668,550	496,982
Termination benefits	0	350,771
	2,321,532	2,649,238

Short-term employee benefits

These amounts include all salary, fringe benefits and cash bonuses awarded to KMP except for details in respect to fees and benefits paid to elected members which may be found above.

Post-employment benefits

These amounts are the current-year's estimated cost of providing for the City's superannuation contributions made during the year.

Other long-term benefits

These amounts represent long service benefits accruing during the year.

Termination benefits

These amounts represent termination benefits paid to KMP (Note: may or may not be applicable in any given year).

26. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Transactions with related parties

Transactions between related parties and the City are on normal commercial terms and conditions, no more favourable than those available to other parties, unless otherwise stated.

No outstanding balances or provisions for doubtful debts or guaranties exist in relation to related parties at year end. The City ceased to be a related party with Southern Metropolitan Regional Council (SMRC) in prior year. The waste disposal payments made to SMRC was \$1,408,632 in financial year 2019-20.

Related Parties

The City's main related parties are as follows:

i. Key management personnel

Any person(s) having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly, including any elected member, are considered key management personnel.

27. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATE AND JOINT ARRANGEMENTS

	2021	2020
(a) Balance of investment in associate	\$	\$
Net decrease in share of associate entity's net assets	0	(675,004)
 Share of associates total comprehensive income arising during the period 	0	0
Balance at 1 July	0	675,004
 Share of associates total comprehensive income arising during the period 	0	0
- Impairment of investment	0	(675,004)

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Interests in joint arrangements Joint arrangements represent the contractual sharing of control between parties in a business venture where unanimous decisions about relevant activities are required.

Separate joint arrangements providing joint ventures with an interest to net assets are classified as a joint venture and accounted for using the equity method. The equity method of accounting, whereby the investment is initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter for the post-acquisition change in the City's share of net assets of the associate. In addition, the City's share of the profit or loss of the associate is included in the City's profit or loss.

Interests in joint arrangements (Continued) Joint operations represent arrangements whereby joint operators maintain direct interests in each asset and exposure to each liability of the arrangement. The City's interests in the assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses of joint operations are included in the respective line items of the financial statements.

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28. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATES

The City was previously a member of the Southern Metropolitan Regional Council (SMRC), a regional local government established in 1991 pursuant to the Local Government Act with a membership of five local governments. Council determined to withdraw from the SMRC establishment agreement, which became effective after 30 June 2019 (i.e. 1 July 2019). At reporting date, the City had no equity interest in the assets of the SMRC.

City of Cockburn's withdrawal from the SMRC and all associated projects

The City withdrew from the Regional Resource Recovery Centre (RRRC) Project Participants' Agreement, which became effective after 30 June 2017. At reporting date, the City had no equity interest in the assets of the RRRC. However, the City has recognised a liability for its share of the project's borrowings for which it has guaranteed (refer note 18b). The full repayment of all associated borrowings (expected June 2023) will trigger an equity share in the RRRC's remaining assets at that time (being those acquired through the borrowings). It is the City's position that any value remaining in those assets will be immaterial at that time and accordingly no asset has been recognised.

The City withdrew from the Office Accommodation Project Participant's Agreement, which became effective after 30 June 2019 (i.e. 1 July 2019). At reporting date, the City had no equity interest in the assets of the Office Accommodation Project and no liability for related borrowings.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

29. RATING INFORMATION

(a) Rates

(a) Nates												
			2020/21	2020/21	2020/21	2020/21	2020/21	2020/21	2020/21	2020/21	2020/21	2019/20
		Number	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Budget	Budget	Budget	Budget	Actual
RATE TYPE	Rate in	of	Rateable	Rate	Interim	Back	Total	Rate	Interim	Back	Total	Total
Differential general rate / general rate	\$	Properties	Value	Revenue	Rates	Rates	Revenue	Revenue	Rate	Rate	Revenue	Revenue
· · ·			\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Gross rental valuations												
Improved Commercial/Industrial	0.08219	2,632	341,251,551	28,047,470	231,749	0	28,279,219	28,047,465	0	0	28,047,465	27,835,093
Improved Commercial - Caravan Park	0.11081	2	1,778,244	197,047	4,005	0	201.052	197,047	0	0	197,047	197,047
Improved Residential	0.08510	29,463	598,095,843	50,897,953	1,170,578	0	52,068,531	50,897,956	1,500,000	0	52,397,956	55,515,582
Vacant	0.09145	1,559	35,837,286	3,277,323	(17,956)	0	3,259,367	3,277,320	0	0	3,277,320	3,504,856
Unimproved valuations					,							
Rural Vacant Land	0.00413	49	62,254,000	257,109	(3,469)	0	253.640	257,109	0	0	257,109	282,622
Rural General	0.00268	70	49,825,000	133,531	1.094	0	134,625	133,531	0	0	133,531	134,002
Split Valuations												
Improved Commercial / Industrial		20	0	104.078	3,789	0	107.867	104,078	0	0	104,078	0
Rural General		0	0	16,203	1,515	0	17,718	16,203	0	0	16,203	0
Sub-Total		33,795	1,089,041,924	82,930,714	1,391,305	0	84,322,019	82,930,709	1,500,000	0	84,430,709	87,469,202
	Minimum											
Minimum payment	S											
Gross rental valuations												
Improved Commercial/Industrial	786	204	1,548,591	160,344	0	0	160,344	160,344	0	0	160,344	162,702
Improved Residential	1,353	15,441	212,034,594	20,891,673	0	0	20,891,673	20,891,673	0	0	20,891,673	17,157,393
Vacant	727	1,529	9,513,453	1,111,583	0	0	1,111,583	1,111,583	0	0	1,111,583	1,004,905
Unimproved valuations												
Rural Vacant Land	958	1	13,000	958	0	0	958	958	0	0	958	2,874
Rural General	958	7	618,350	6,706	0	0	6,706	6,706	0	0	6,706	7,664
Sub-Total		17,182	223,727,988	22,171,264	0	0	22,171,264	22,171,264	0	0	22,171,264	18,335,538
		50,977	1,312,769,912	105,101,978	1,391,305	0	106,493,283	105,101,973	1,500,000	0	106,601,973	105,804,740
Discounts/concessions (Note 29(c))							(2,521,959)				(2,514,470)	(1,996,588)
Ex-gratia rates							3,779,648				3,683,156	3,885,848
Prepaid rates							0				0	(2,057,533)
Total amount raised from general rate							107,750,971			-	107,770,659	105,636,468
Specified Area Rate (Note 29(b))							554,196				550,600	586,971
Totals						1	108,305,167			-	108,321,259	106,223,439

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Rates

Control over assets acquired from rates is obtained at the commencement of the rating period.

Prepaid rates are, until the taxable event has occurred (start of the next financial year), refundable at the request of the ratepayer. Rates received in advance are initially recognised as a financial liability. When the taxable event occurs, the financial liability is extinguished and the City recognises revenue for the prepaid rates that have not been refunded.

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

29. RATING INFORMATION (Continued)

		Area	

(b) Specified Area Rate							2020/21					
.,					2020/21	2020/21	Total	2020/21	2020/21	2020/21	2020/21	2019/20
	Basis	Rate	2020/21	2020/21	Interim	Back	Specified Area	Budget	Budget	Budget	Total	Total
	of	in	Rateable	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate	Back Rate	Interim Rate	Budget	Actual
Specified Area Rate	Valuation	\$	Value	Revenue	Revenue	Revenue	Revenue	Revenue	Revenue	Revenue	Revenue	Revenue
			\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Port Coogee Special												
Maintenance	GRV	0.01268	27,550,620	349,287	12,023		0 361,310	400,000	0	0	400,000	441,348
Port Coogee Waterways	GRV	0.01268	7,249,147	91,905	1,324	(93,229	55,600	0	0	55,600	56,830
5 ,												
Cockburn Coast Maintenance	GRV	0.01268	2,198,310	27.870	7,753	(0 35,623	30,000	0	0	30,000	24,758
Specified Area Rates - Bibra			_,,	,	.,		,		-			,
Lake Sewer Stage 1	GRV	0.02020	3,169,408	64,035	0	(0 64,034	65,000	0	0	65.000	64,035
Lano contor chago r	0	0.02020					,					
			40,167,485	533,097	21,100		0 554,196	550,600	0	0	550,600	586,971

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Specified Area Rate	Purpose of the rate	Area/properties Rate Imposed	2020/21 Actual Rate Applied to Costs	2020/21 Actual Rate Set Aside to Reserve	2020/21 Actual Reserve Applied to Costs	2020/21 Budget Rate Applied to Costs	2020/21 Budget Rate Set Aside to Reserve	2020/21 Budget Reserve Applied to Costs
			\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Port Coogee Special Maintenance	Specialised maintenance of the Port Coogee Development scheme	Coogee locality which are connected to the scheme.	213,614	147,696	0	195,315	204,685	197,680
Port Coogee Waterways	Specialised maintenance of the Port Coogee waterways and associated infrastructure assets	Properties in the Port Coogee locality which are connected with the waterways.	50,000	43,229	0	50,000	5,600	0
Cockburn Coast Maintenance	Speciliased maintenance of parks and public areas (including custom street lighting) as per the standard agreed to between the City and the Developer.	Properties in the Cockburn Coast Development area.	10,318	25,305	0	11,330	18,670	8,887
Specified Area Rates - Bibra	Construction of the Bibra Lake Sewer Stage 1 sewerage works as Gazetted under the Health (Miscellaneous Provisions) Act	Station, Spearwood to the City of Cockburn	64.024			65.000	0	64.025
Lake Sewer Stage 1	1911.	Operations Centre.	64,034 337,966	216,230	0	65,000 321,645	228,955	64,035 270,602
			501,500	210,200	v	521,040	220,000	210,002

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021 Waivers or Concessions

Improved Commercial / Concession Industrial 709,267 Vacant Concession 106,688 106,688	Rate or Fee and Charge to which the Waiver or Concession is Granted	Туре	Discount	Discount	2021 Actual	2021 Budget	2020 Actual
Improved Commercial / Concession Industrial 709,267 709,267 Vacant Concession 106,688 106,688			%	\$	\$	\$	\$
Industrial 709,267 709,267 Vacant Concession 106,688 106,688	Residential Improved	Concession	scaled	N/A	1,706,005	1,698,515	1,996,588
Vacant Concession 106,688 106,688	mproved Commercial /	Concession					
	ndustrial				709,267	709,267	0
2,521,959 2,514,470 1,996,5	Vacant	Concession			106,688	106,688	0
					2,521,959	2,514,470	1,996,588
Total discounts/concessions (Note 29(a)) 2,521,959 2,514,470 1,996,5	otal discounts/concession	s (Note 29(a))			2,521,959	2,514,470	1,996,588

Rate or Fee and Charge to which the Waiver or Concession is Granted	Circumstances in which the Waiver or Concession is Granted and to whom it was available	Objects of the Waiver or Concession	Reasons for the Waiver or Concession
Residential Improved	High GRV residential property concession	improved properties do not	This concession is necessary as fixed waste and security charges were previously incorporated into general rates adversely impacting high GRV properties.
Residential Improved	COVID Concession - for ratepayers that would have paid more because of the GRV revaluation.	To ensure year on year rates increases for all GRV residentia improved properties do not exceed council's adopted annua increase	the rates payable to the same level as 2019-20. The concession does not apply to properties that will pay the
Improved Commercial / Industrial	COVID Concession - for ratepayers that would have paid more because of the GRV revaluation.	To ensure year on year rates increases for all GRV residential improved properties do not exceed council's adopted annua increase	the rates payable to the same level as 2019-20. The concession does not apply to properties that will pay the
Vacant	COVID Concession - for ratepayers that would have paid more because of the GRV revaluation.	To ensure year on year rates increases for all GRV residential improved properties do not exceed council's adopted annua increase	the rates payable to the same level as 2019-20. The concession does not apply to properties that will pay the

218,818

979,271

0

0

CITY OF COCKBURN NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021

29. RATING INFORMATION (Continued)

(c) Interest Charges & Instalments

Charges on instalment plan

Instalment Options	Date Due	Instalment Plan Admin Charge	Instalment Plan Interest Rate	Unpaid Rates Interest Rate
		\$	%	%
Option One				
Single full payment	18/09/2020	0.00	0.00%	0.00%
Option Two				
First instalment	18/09/2020	0.00	0.00%	0.00%
Second instalment	20/11/2020	0.00	0.00%	0.00%
Third instalment	29/01/2021	0.00	0.00%	0.00%
Fourth instalment	9/04/2021	0.00	0.00%	0.00%
		2021	2021	2020
		Actual	Revised Budget	Actual
		\$	\$	\$
Interest on unpaid rates		(550)	0	212,276
Interest on unpaid ESL Levy		(57)	0	37,100
Interest on instalment plan		0	0	511,077

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(572)

30. RATE SETTING STATEMENT INFORMATION

30. RATE SETTING STATEMENT INFORMATION				
			2020/21	
		2020/21	Budget	2019/20
		(30 June 2021	(30 June 2021	(30 June 2020
		Carried	Carried	Carried
	Note	Forward)	Forward)	Forward
		S	\$	\$
(a) Non-cash amounts excluded from operating activities				
The following non-cash revenue or expenditure has been excluded from amounts attributable to operating activities within the Rate Setting Statement in accordance with <i>Financial Management Regulation 32</i> .				
Adjustments to operating activities				
Less: Profit on asset disposals	11(a)	(504,360)	0	(1,523,132)
Less: Movement in liabilities associated with restricted cash	. ,	2,531,930	840,939	(2,158,287)
Less: Fair value adjustments to financial assets at fair value through profit and				
loss		(5,172)	0	(2,305)
Less: Share of net profit of associates and joint ventures accounted for using				
the equity method		36,683	0	44,974
Movement in pensioner deferred rates and accrued debtors (non-current)		37,693	0	(343,616)
Movement in employee benefit provisions (non-current)		(611,188)	0	161,461
Movement in other provisions (non-current)		478,574	0	(60,349)
Movement in right-of-use-asset		0	0	0
Public open space payment Add: Lease liabilities (non-current)		5,419,364	0	0
Add: Loss on disposal of assets	11(a)	362,880	117,744	259,197
Add: Loss on revaluation of fixed assets	10(a)	6,476,864	0	259,197
Add: Depreciation on non-current assets	11(b)	38,568,690	35,641,134	40,772,796
Non cash amounts excluded from operating activities	11(6)	52,791,958	36,599,817	37,150,739
		, ,		,,
(b) Surplus/(deficit) after imposition of general rates				
The following current assets and liabilities have been excluded				
from the net current assets used in the Rate Setting Statement				
in accordance with Financial Management Regulation 32 to				
agree to the surplus/(deficit) after imposition of general rates.				
Adjustments to net current assets				
Less: Reserves - cash/financial asset backed	4	(171,410,638)	(137,521,039)	(149,783,094)
Less: Current assets not expected to be received at end of year				
- Bonds and deposits	15(b)	(2,010,562)	0	(884,565)
Add: Current liabilities not expected to be cleared at end of year				
- Current portion of borrowings	18(a)	4,020,624	2,500,000	3,226,983
- Financial assets - restricted - non current	5(b)	941,521	1,000,000	951,228
- Current portion of lease liabilities	17(a)	218,182	0	421,881
Total adjustments to net current assets		(168,240,873)	(134,021,039)	(146,067,567)
Net current assets used in the Rate Setting Statement				
Total current assets		214,314,367	156,928,487	186,706,221
Less: Total current liabilities		(37,485,311)	(20,382,897)	(28,467,604)
Less: Total adjustments to net current assets		(168,240,873)	(134,021,039)	(146,067,567)
Net current assets used in the Rate Setting Statement		8,588,183	2,524,551	12,171,050

31. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

This note explains the City's exposure to financial risks and how these risks could affect the City's future financial performance.

Risk	Exposure arising from	Measurement	Management
Market risk - interest rate	Long term borrowings at variable rates	Sensitivity analysis	Utilise fixed interest rate borrowings
Credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, financial assets and		Diversification of bank deposits, credit limits. Investment policy
Liquidity risk	Borrowings and other liabilities	Rolling cash flow forecasts	Availability of committed credit lines and borrowing facilities

The City does not engage in transactions expressed in foreign currencies and is therefore not subject to foreign currency risk.

Financial risk management is carried out by the finance area under policies approved by the Council. The finance area identifies, evaluates and manages financial risks in close co-operation with the operating divisions. Council have approved the overall risk management policy and provide policies on specific areas such as investment policy.

(a) Interest rate risk

Cash and cash equivalents

The City's main interest rate risk arises from cash and cash equivalents with variable interest rates, which exposes the City to cash flow interest rate risk. Short term overdraft facilities also have variable interest rates however these are repaid within 12 months, reducing the risk level to minimal.

Excess cash and cash equivalents are invested in fixed interest rate term deposits which do not expose the City to cash flow interest rate risk. Cash and cash equivalents required for working capital are held in variable interest rate accounts and non-interest bearing accounts. Carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents at the 30 June and the weighted average interest rate across all cash and cash equivalents and term deposits held disclosed as financial assets at amortised cost are reflected in the table below.

	Weighted Average Interest Rate %	Carrying Amounts \$	Fixed Interest Rate \$	Variable Interest Rate \$	
2021 Cash and cash equivalents	0.10%	4,606,858	0	4,606,858	
Financial assets at amortised cost	0.59%	198,589,135	197,500,000	1,089,135	
Cash and cash equivalents	0.10%	5,133,910	0	5,133,910	
Financial assets at amortised cost	1.52%	171,926,228	169,400,000	2,526,228	

Sensitivity

Profit or loss is sensitive to higher/lower interest income from cash and cash equivalents as a result of changes in interest rates. 2021 2020

	\$	\$
Impact of a 1% movement in interest rates on profit and loss and equity*	46,069	51,339
* Holding all other variables constant		

Borrowings

Borrowings are subject to interest rate risk - the risk that movements in interest rates could adversely affect funding costs. The City manages this risk by borrowing long term and fixing the interest rate to the situation considered the most advantageous at the time of negotiation. The City does not consider there to be any interest rate risk in relation to borrowings. Details of interest rates applicable to each borrowing may be found at Note 18(b).

CITY OF COCKBURN NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021 31. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Credit risk

Trade and Other Receivables

The City's major receivables comprise rates annual charges and user fees and charges. The major risk associated with these receivables is credit risk – the risk that the debts may not be repaid. The City manages this risk by monitoring outstanding debt and employing debt recovery policies. It also encourages ratepayers to pay rates by the due date through incentives.

Credit risk on rates and annual charges is minimised by the ability of the City to recover these debts as a secured charge over the land, that is, the land can be sold to recover the debt. Whilst the City was historically able to charge interest on overdue rates and annual charges at higher than market rates, which further encourage payment.

The level of outstanding receivables is reported to Council monthly and benchmarks are set and monitored for acceptable collection performance.

The City applies the AASB 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses using a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, rates receivable are separated from other trade receivables due to the difference in payment terms and security for rates receivable.

The expected loss rates are based on the payment profiles of rates and fees and charges over a period of 36 months before 1 July 2020 or 1 July 2021 respectively and the corresponding historical losses experienced within this period. Historical credit loss rates are adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors such as the ability of ratepayers and residents to settle the receivables. Housing prices and unemployment rates have been identified as the most relevant factor in repayment rates, and accordingly adjustments are made to the expected credit loss rate based on these factors.

The loss allowance as at 30 June 2021 for rates receivable was determined as follows:

	Current	More than 1 year past due	More than 2 years past due	More than 3 years past due	Total
30 June 2021					
Rates receivable					
Expected credit loss	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0%
Gross carrying amount	2,153,253	0	0	0	2,153,253
Loss allowance	0	0	0	0	0
30 June 2020 Rates receivable					
Expected credit loss	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
Gross carrying amount	2,942,696	0	0	0	2,942,696
Loss allowance	0	0	0	0	0

The loss allowance as at 30 June 2021 and 30 June 2020 was determined as follows for trade receivables.

	Current	More than 30 days past due	More than 60 days past due	More than 90 days past due	Total
30 June 2021					
Trade and other receivables					
Expected credit loss	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0%
Gross carrying amount	3,074,618	354,453	23,948	1,085,714	4,538,733
Loss allowance	0	0	0	0	0
30 June 2020					
Trade and other receivables					
Expected credit loss	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
Gross carrying amount	2,205,304	43,115	147,650	945,975	3,342,043
Loss allowance	0	0	0	0	0

31. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(c) Liquidity risk

Payables and borrowings

Payables and borrowings are both subject to liquidity risk – that is the risk that insufficient funds may be on hand to meet payment obligations as and when they fall due. The City manages this risk by monitoring its cash flow requirements and liquidity levels and maintaining an adequate cash buffer. Payment terms can be extended and overdraft facilities drawn upon if required and disclosed in Note 18(d).

The contractual undiscounted cash flows of the City's payables and borrowings are set out in the liquidity table below. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances, as the impact of discounting is not significant.

	Due within 1 year	Due between 1 & 5 years	Due after 5 years	Total contractual cash flows	Carrying values
2021	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Payables Borrowings	17,194,160 5,192,874	2,010,562 13,298,281	0 0	19,204,722 18,491,155	19,204,722 15,465,905
Other liabilities	6,552,672	21,085,084	5,419,364	33,057,120	30,031,120
Lease liabilities	218,182	115,739	0	333,921	333,921
	29,157,888	36,509,666	5,419,364	71,086,918	65,035,668
2020					
Payables	15,351,658	0	0	15,351,658	15,351,658
Borrowings	3,226,983	16,171,527	0	19,398,510	19,398,510
Contract liabilities	713,380	15,527,154	0	16,240,534	16,240,534
Lease Liabilities	421,881	344,141	0	766,022	766,022
-	19,713,903	32,042,822	0	51,756,724	51,756,724

32. EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

There are no subsequent events after the reporting period.

33. TRUST FUNDS

Funds held at balance date which are required to be held in trust and which are not included in the financial statements are as follows:

	1 July 2020	Amounts Received	Amounts Transferred Out	30 June 2021
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Public Open Space Contributions	6,374,601	0	(6,374,601)	0
	6,374,601	0	(6,374,601)	0

34. OTHER SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included with receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are presented as operating cash flows.

b) Current and non-current classification The asset or liability is classified as current if it is expected to be settled within the next 12 months, being the City's operational cycle. In the case of liabilities where the City does not have the unconditional right to defer settlement beyond 12 months, such as vested long service leave, the liability is classified as current even if not expected to be settled within the next 12 months. Inventories held for trading are classified as current or non-current based on the City's intentions to release for sale.

c) Rounding off figures

All figures shown in this annual financial report, other than a rate in the dollar, are rounded to the nearest dollar. Amounts are presented in Australian Dollars.

d) Comparative figures

Where required, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year

When the City applies an accounting policy retrospectively, makes a retrospective restatement or reclassifies items in its financial statements that has a material effect on the statement of financial position, an additional (third) statement of financial position as at the beginning of the preceding period in addition to the minimum comparative financial statements is presented

e) Budget comparative figures

Unless otherwise stated, the budget comparative figures shown in this annual financial report relate to the original budget estimate for the relevant item of

f) Superannuation

The City contributes to a number of Superannuation Funds on behalf of employees. All funds to which the City contributes are defined contribution

g) Fair value of assets and liabilities

Fair value is the price that the City would receive to sell the asset or would have to pay to transfer a liability, in an orderly (i.e. unforced) transaction between independent, knowledgeable and willing market participants at the measurement date

As fair value is a market-based measure, the closest equivalent observable market pricing information is used to determine fair value. Adjustments to market values may be made having regard to the characteristics of the specific asset or liability. The fair values of assets that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market data

To the extent possible, market information is extracted from either the principal market for the asset or liability (i.e. the market with the greatest volume and level of activity for the asset or liability) or, in the absence of such a market, the most advantageous market available to the entity at the end of the reporting period (i.e. the market that maximises the receipts from the sale of the asset after taking into account transaction costs and transport costs).

For non-financial assets, the fair value measurement also takes into account a market participant's ability to use the asset in its highest and best use of to sell it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use

h) Fair value hierarchy

AASB 13 requires the disclosure of fair value information by level of the fair value hierarchy, which categorises fair value measurement into one of three possible levels based on the lowest level that an input that is significant to the measurement can be categorised into as follows

Measurements based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement

Level 2

Measurements based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3

Measurements based on unobservable inputs for the asset or liability

The fair values of assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market data. If all significant inputs required to measure fair value are observable, the asset or liability is included in Level 2. If one or more significant inputs are not based on observable market data, the asset or liability is included in Level 3.

Valuation techniques

The City selects a valuation technique that is appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data is available to measure fair value. The availability of sufficient and relevant data primarily depends on the specific characteristics of the asset or liability being measured. The valuation techniques selected by the City are consistent with one or more of the following valuation approaches:

Market approach

Valuation techniques that use prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions for identical or similar assets or liabilities.

Income approach

Valuation techniques that convert estimated future cash flows or income and expenses into a single discounted present value

Cost approach

Valuation techniques that reflect the current replacement cost of the service capacity of an asset

Each valuation technique requires inputs that reflect the assumptions that buyers and sellers would use when pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risks. When selecting a valuation technique, the City gives priority to those techniques that maximise the use of observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs. Inputs that are developed using market data (such as publicly available information on actual transactions) and reflect the assumptions that buyers and sellers would generally use when pricing the asset or liability are considered observable, whereas inputs for which market data is not available and therefore are developed using the best information available about such assumptions are considered unobservable.

i) Impairment of assets

In accordance with Australian Accounting Standards the City's cash generating non-specialised assets, other than inventories, are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication they may be impaired.

Where such an indication exists, an impairment test is carried out on the asset by comparing the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, to the asset's carrying amount

Any excess of the asset's carrying amount over its recoverable amount is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount in accordance with another Standard (e.g. AASB 116) whereby any impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation decrease in accordance with that other Standard.

For non-cash generating specialised assets that are measured under the revaluation model ,such as roads, drains, public buildings and the like, no annual assessment of impairment is required. Rather AASB 116.31 applies and revaluations need only be made with sufficient regulatory to ensure the carrying value does not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair value at the end of the reporting period.

35. ACTIVITIES/PROGRAMS

City operations as disclosed in these financial statements encompass the following service orientated activities/programs.

PROGRAM NAME AND OBJECTIVES ACTIVITIES

GOVERNANCE

The administration and operation of facilities and services to the elected members of Council. Also includes other corporate type costs that are not related to the specific service areas covered under the other programs.

GENERAL PURPOSE FUNDING

The collection of general-purpose revenue including rates and penalties, general-purpose grants and interest on investments. This provides the funding for much of the City's programs/activities.

LAW, ORDER, PUBLIC SAFETY

Provision of community safety services including supervision of various by-laws, animal and dog control, a security patrol service, fire prevention and voluntary emergency services.

HEALTH

The provision of environmental health services including food quality and pest control.

EDUCATION AND WELFARE

The provision of support services to families and children, the aged and disabled and senior citizens. The provision of pre- schools and services and facilities for the youth.

COMMUNITY AMENITIES

Refuse collection, recycling and disposal, the operation of the Henderson Landfill site, protection of the environment, administration of the town planning scheme and maintenance of bus shelters.

RECREATION AND CULTURE

The provision and operation of community halls and recreation centres, parks and ovals, beach reserves and swimming areas and library facilities. The development and provision of arts and cultural events.

TRANSPORT

This program includes road, drainage and footpath construction and maintenance. The provision and maintenance of streetscapes is also included, as is the purchase of heavy plant and the operations of the council works depot

ECONOMIC SERVICES

Activities associated with the control of building activity within the city and the provision of facilities and services that encourage tourism.

OTHER PROPERTY AND SERVICES

Includes private works and engineering overheads and plant operating costs (both of which are allocated to the City's works program).

36. FINANCIAL RATIOS		2021	2020	2019 Restated			
		Actual	Actual	Actual			
Current ratio		1.13	1.13	0.97			
Asset consumption ratio		0.69	0.71	0.71			
Asset renewal funding ratio		1.02	0.75	0.75			
Asset sustainability ratio		0.53	0.71	0.46			
Debt service cover ratio		6.68	8.25	8.72			
Operating surplus ratio		0.01	(0.02)	0.01			
Own source revenue coverage ratio		0.91	0.89	0.94			
5							
The above ratios are calculated as follows:							
Current ratio		current asse	ets minus restri	cted assets			
		urrent liabilitie	es minus liabilit	ies associated			
		with	n restricted ass	ets			
Asset consumption ratio		depreciated replacement costs of depreciable assets					
	cu	rrent replacen	nent cost of dep	oreciable assets			
Asset renewal funding ratio				al over 10 years			
	NP\	/ of required c	apital expendit	ure over 10 years			
Asset sustainability ratio	C	apital renewal		ent expenditure			
			depreciation				
Debt service cover ratio	annual			rest and depreciation			
		prir	ncipal and inter	est			
On another another anti-				4:			
Operating surplus ratio	0		·	ating expenses			
		own sou	irce operating i	evenue			
Own source revenue coverage ratio		OWN SOL	irce operating i	evenue			

operating expense